ISSUE 66

Exploring workplace research, insights and trends

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The Human/Technology Tension

The new solutions that address this emerging workplace reality

Resilient Real Estate:

Space as an adaptive system

Healthcare: Time for Change

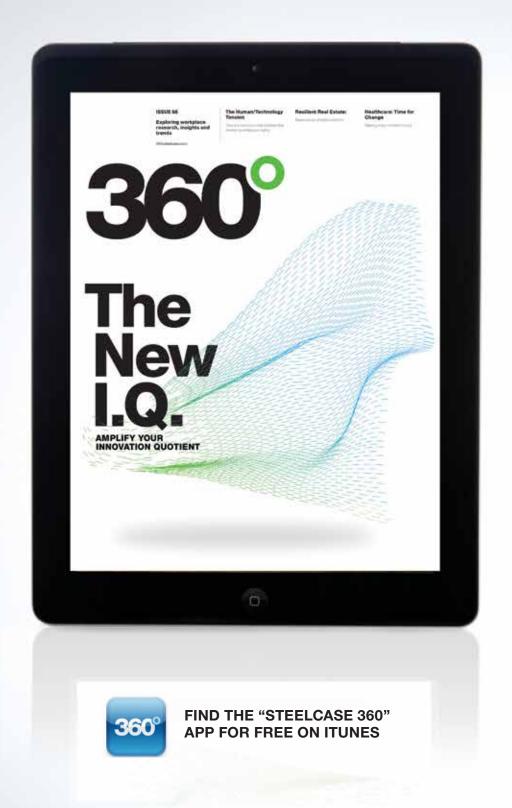
Making every moment count

360

The New Local Control of the Control

AMPLIFY YOUR INNOVATION QUOTIENT

ABOUT THIS ISSUE The thirst for innovation has never been stronger and organizations everywhere are pursuing every possible way to amplify their innovation quotient. Most organizations unknowingly overlook a crucial success factor: the role of physical space. Workplaces that are intelligently designed to bring people together in a fluid process-virtually as well as physically—have unprecedented power to propel innovation in today's global economy. By working in collaboration with leading think tanks, closely observing innovation at powerhouse companies and conducting intense primary research in its own facilities, Steelcase is able to shed new light on the behaviors that drive 21st-century innovation and how workplaces can be intentionally designed to amplify it.



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I.Q. takes on a new definition as or ganizations everywhere are pursuing every possible way to amplify their innovation quotient. Most unknowingly overlook a crucial success factor: physical space. Workplaces that are intelligently designed to bring people together-virtually as well as physically-have unprecedented power to propel innovation in today's global economy.



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Making every moment count.

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and trends

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Exploring workplace research, insights

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Perspectives

Meet some of the people who contributed information and ideas to this issue.











RITU BAJAJ, PATRICIA KAMMER, AND FRANK GRAZIANO

Steelcase WorkSpace Futures Researchers

To understand the behaviors of creative collaboration and innovation, Steelcase WorkSpace Futures researchers Ritu Bajaj, Frank Graziano and Patricia Kammer worked for several years, braiding what they learned into game-changing insights and a cohesive set of principles that informed the design of Steelcase's new innovation center. Bajaj, who was an architect in India and holds a master's degree in **A CHERIE JOHNSON, JAMES LUDWIG,** human-centered product design, applied her exper- AND ALLAN SMITH tise in ethnographic techniques to lead an experience pilot in a full-scale prototype of the center. Graziano,



Cherie Johnson, James Ludwig and Allan Smith who holds an undergraduate degree in design and share a conviction: good experiences and outcomes a master's degree in fine arts, led strategic investi- result from user-centered design that's based on gations into innovation at leading companies and the careful observational research. As the design mand.school at Stanford University. With a degree in interior design, Kammer conducted benchmarking and worked closely throughout the project with Ludwig primary research, and she played a key role in synthe- and Smith, whose teams would be moving into the sizing the team's findings into design programming. space. Johnson has a bachelor's degree in interior design and gained nearly 15 years of experience at a large architectural firm before joining Steelcase. An architect and designer, Ludwig lived and worked in Berlin before joining Steelcase in 1999. Smith's academic training combines business and art history, and his 20-year career with Steelcase includes a recent three-year assignment in France.





▲ CHRIS CONGDON AND GALE MOUTREY

Chris Congdon and Gale Moutrey are passionate advocates for the idea that organizations can become more resilient and actually amplify their performance by being very intentional about the places where they bring people together to work. Congdon is director of research communications and editor of 360 Magazine and Moutrey is vice president, brand communications. They collaborate with leading organizations to help them rethink the strategic role of their physical environment.

"At the very heart of an organization lies its purpose -its reason for being-and it can activate that purpose





▲ MARTIN OBERHÄUSER AND SEBASTIAN STRUCH

oberhaeuser.info

The founder of the design studio oberhaeuser.info in by fusing together its strategy, brand and culture," Hamburg, Martin Oberhäuser, together with graphic says Moutrey. "Creating the right places can make this designer Sebastian Struch, created the infographics visible to the people who work there, and help bring that illustrate our feature "Amplifying Innovation" home as well as in workplaces. Having led design an organization's purpose to life," adds Congdon. and Trends360. He has a passion for complex data strategy projects for Samsung, Microsoft, Fujitsu, "These 'right places' are diverse ecosystems visualization and information design, which he says Procter & Gamble and other leading consumer of work destinations—places where people want to should always be easy to use and also fun to look brands, she's an experienced innovator whose phibe because they perform better when they are there." at. Sebastian works as an independent designer losophy is to use insights to provoke new thinking his fields of activity are also corporate and packag- emotional responses. ing design. Good design should always be able to touch you, he says.



ALLISON ARIEFF

Freelance writer, The New York Times

Allison Arieff applied her perspective as a journalist to write about Steelcase's latest product innovations. Based in San Francisco, she is an editor and content strategist for the urban planning and policy think tank SPUR, and is also a regular contributor to The New York Times, Wired, Design and other publications. A former book editor, from 2006-2008 she was senior content lead for IDEO.



▲ SHUJAN BERTRAND

Coalesse

With 13 years of experience as an industrial designer and strategist, Shujan Bertrand is working with Steelcase's Coalesse group to translate user insights into new products that support creative workers at in different disciplines. Besides information design, that ultimately results in designs that evoke strong

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Q&A WITH Andrew Zolli

Hurricanes. Droughts. Recessions. Network crashes. Geopolitical conflicts. The order of the day seems to be disruption and crisis.

That's why it's critical for companies to be resilient, says Andrew Zolli, co-author of "Resilience: Why Things Bounce Back," a book about why some organizations fall apart in the face of disruption while others flourish. Resilient organizations don't rely on any single plan for the future; they're agile, cooperative and responsive. Amid change they don't just survive, they thrive. What builds resilience? Empowered middle management and helping the company's social networks grow like kudzu, for starters.

Zolli is executive director and curator of PopTech, an influential global innovation network that explores key forces influencing the future and develops new approaches to the world's toughest challenges. He's helped companies such as Nike, American Express and GE to understand the evolving global operating environment and how to excel in an increasingly precarious world.

"Innovation and resilience are closely related."

resilience is such a hot topic?

-all influenced by a warming climate.

This kind of permanent and intrinsic volatility is becoming the new normal. And not only are we experiencing more disruptions, but their consequences are be- Give us an example of organizational resilience. coming harder to predict. That's because the world is connected in ways we can scarcely imagine: climate, energy, the financial, social and political systems are all interlinked and hard to observe. And worse, we have all sorts of natural cognitive blindness when it comes to disruptive change. Our brains are trained to attend to certain forms of change but not others, which is why we are constantly surprised that our models are not as nuanced as the world we live in. When you combine complexity, interconnectivity and blindness, tie the systems together and stress them all, you get these volatile spikes, or crises.

Crises seems to be more frequent today. Is that why What's the impact on individuals and organizations?

Obviously, these kinds of spikes to the system—the Yes, absolutely. Consider that in 2012 alone we had a financial crisis, droughts, food shortages, hurricanes, heat wave that melted the tarmac under airplanes in etc.—are costly. The last year for which we have data, Washington, D.C.; half the country declared a federal 2011, was the most expensive year for natural disasemergency due to the largest drought in a century; ters in human history and 2012 will likely top it. But the largest blackout in history left one in nine people that's really just the beginning. There are also indirect on Earth (all in India) in the dark; and super storm Sandy costs: the increasing costs of insurance and the increasing difficulty of long-term planning. And then you have things like the psychic stresses—on our people, which can be less visible but no less damaging.

When Katrina hit the Gulf Coast, people's homes were literally under water. They lost their possessions, money, identification, everything. One of the most important regional banks, Hancock Bank, lost 90 of their 115 branches and their headquarters was decimated. The electricity was out, computers weren't working and their offices were flooded, but the bank came up with an ingenious response:

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"There's tremendous power in the physical environment to help build trust, cooperation and resilient behavior."

offered anyone who needed it-customers and noncustomers alike—\$200 in cash on the spot. No ID, no problem. It was a radical act of trust in the communities they serve. In the first few weeks after the storm, Hancock loaned out \$50 million in cash in this manner. And what was the result? 99.6% of the loans were repaid, and net assets at the bank grew by \$1.4 billion dollars in the 90 days after the storm, as people moved their money over to the bank. This is the kind of adaptive, flexible response that defines of the institution.

Where does that kind of resilience come from?

Resilience has lots of correlates. First and foremost, we see it in organizations with tight cultures but loose tactics. These are companies that have a culture of continuous, modest risk-taking and are flexible and adaptive to circumstances.

Interestingly, these aren't always places where people that solution. all think the same way—indeed, most are companies that tolerate a lot of cognitive diversity. They have people who think about the world in different ways, who think about the same problem, with the same facts, but from different perspectives.

Another critical aspect of organizational resilience is trust: People have to be ready to believe in one another and cooperate when things go wrong. Resilience is what we call adhocratic-it involves lots of little collaborations between many different actors; rarely is it driven by some top-down plan. So you find it in organizations with a lot of trust, diversity and collaboration.

Not like you might think. The cliché of leadership in a crisis is either the square-jawed visionary CEO at the top or the street activist/external agitator. Yet when disruption occurs it's hard for people to issue top- The third aspect is the ways we respond to disruption, situational awareness, while people on the front lines response we discussed. lack a broad, systemic view. The real strength in a resilient organization comes from the organization's middle management.

corner office. It came from the middle management, cultural permission to be improvisational, they can in doing one of these things well—it's found in doing who understood and were motivated by the values use their shared values and mission to get creative all of them well. and respond to a crisis. They don't have to check with the top. There are no rules, so they invent them as they go along. And they can do extraordinary things. Absolutely. There's tremendous power in the physical

> The Hancock Bank employees understood the bank was about helping people achieve their financial goals. The board and CEO didn't decide to set up those tables and tents. The empowered middle, fueled by creativity and improvisation, came up with

How can you build that kind of collaboration when the organization isn't facing a catastrophe?

The ability to withstand disruption is mostly a byproduct of decisions made when things are calm. We see resilience emerging from four basic capacities.

The first is the ability to build regenerative capacity when things are going well. This is measured by the health of an organization's culture, its levels of appropriate risk tolerance, the strength of its internal and external social networks, the physical and mental health of its people, its embrace of diversity, its adaptability and its level of trust. This self-renewing capacity is the single most important aspect of resilience, and it's proactive, not reactive.

The second aspect of resilience is the ability to listen for change, to sense impending disruptions. This means listening for weak signals, things that are They set up tents and card tables as offices, and How does the organization develop ad hoc solutions? on the edge today but might be major disruptors soon. It also means interpreting those signals, rehearsing for various forms of change and embracing scenario-

down commands because they don't have good unlocking the kind of adhocratic, improvisational

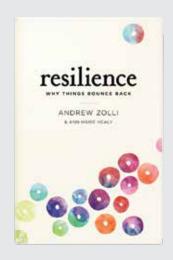
Finally, consider learning and transformation, taking the lessons of response and reshaping the kinds of capacity-building we're doing, and the ways we're a resilient enterprise —and it didn't come from the If the middle is strongly connected and there's listening for future changes. Resilience isn't found

Can a company's physical space influence resilience?

environment to help build trust, cooperation and resilient behavior. Humans are social, and the natural environment is our preferred environment. We also like to be near places where we're by ourselves in the context of other people. When people are in these environments, their cortisol levels drop and their prosocial and trust behaviors increase.

Yet so many offices put people in the interior of the building, away from the natural environment and daylight. Soul-crushing cubicleville. They take away every aspect of a human's preferred environment. However, there's an enormous performance and resilience benefit that comes from working in an environment that's physically designed to mimic the environments to which we have innate, low stress

To build trust and cooperation, change the places where you want people to engage in trusting behaviors. Put them in environments that naturally unlock those behaviors, places where they're less stressed, less fearful and more at ease



widely dispersed. How do you get widely dispersed of work. Say we're going to design a new product. people to work together?

There was a famous study done in the 1970s about how people find jobs through networking. Most people found new employment not from people they knew, but from people they knew who in turn knew someone else. That's called a "weak tie": someone you know through someone else. Researchers also found Some companies recently decided to bring homethat most people found novelty through these weak connections, whether it was looking for a new job this mean for distributed work? or new information. So if you're looking for new information, having a lot of weak-tie—the kinds of ties we have through social media—is really helpful. But if you're trying to produce and synthesize new work

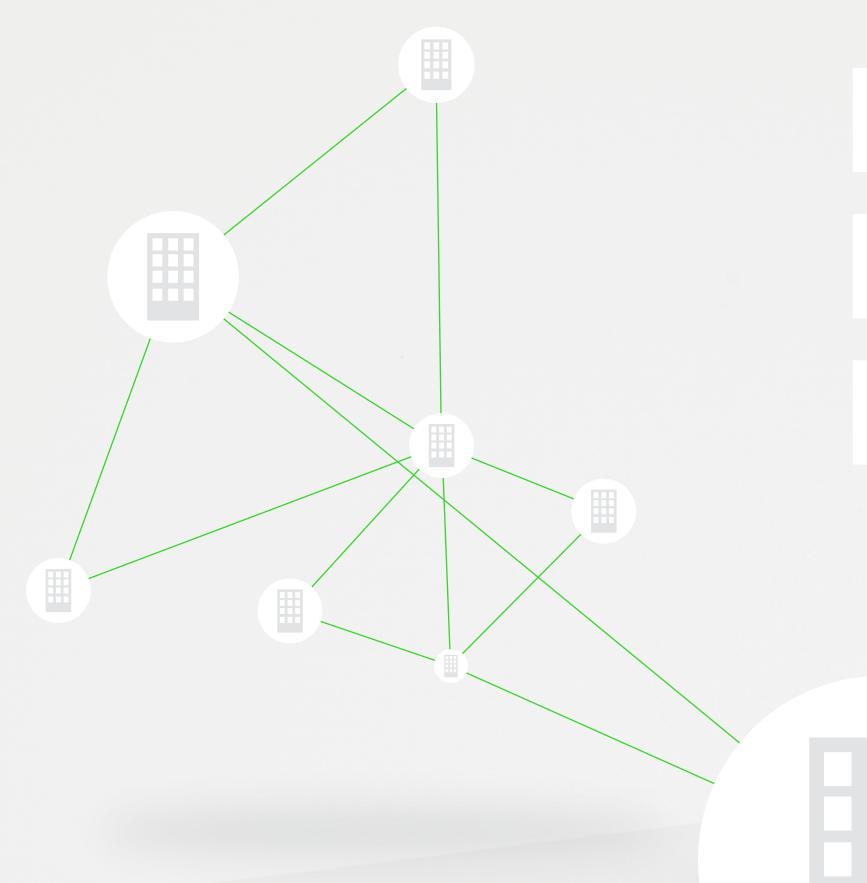
The best teams are small groups of people who have designed for human interaction. • close ties with each other, and each of those people individually have large weak tie networks. They keep in touch with widely disparate ideas and different ways of thinking. They're exposed to new ideas and information constantly, which they then bring to the table to share with their small, strong-tie colleagues. It makes each of them a better collaborator to have a large weak-tie network. Twitter is a good example of a technology that helps people maintain and use a large weak-tie network. Later, when you need to work more closely together, you meet in person, use the telephone or a videoconference for higher bandwidth to develop a strong-tie with the person you're collaborating with.

People are mobile and organizations are often The trick is to pick the right spaces for the right kinds If we're on the team, we have to have really strong ties and connections together. Most effective teams are small groups of strong-tie folks who themselves have very large weak-tie networks—people who know their team members well, and have a lot of sources of information, insight and inspiration.

based employees back into the office. What does

Companies are realizing that people need time to work face-to-face, that they can't work apart all the time. Many companies are realizing this and to some or new products, you actually need intimate, strong-value of face-to-face communication, that people extent they are re-urbanizing, recognizing the huge need to work together. Our cognitive processes are

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By Chris Congdon Gale Moutrey

Space as an adaptive system

In his new book, "Resilience, Why Things Bounce Back," author Andrew Zolli draws from ecology and sociology to consider resilience "as the capacity of a system, enterprise, or a person to maintain its core purpose and integrity in the face of dramatically changed circumstances." Zolli suggests that "If we cannot control the volatile tides of change, we can learn to build better boats."

Amongst the whirlwind of volatility that seems to The notion of resilience is generally talked about in spin from one crisis to the next, business leaders terms of economies, markets, ecosystems or people, are looking for new skills and strategies that will help but rarely in conjunction with organizational real their organizations thrive in the new global economy. estate. Leading real estate professionals consider At the same time, in this era of unprecedented how to create greater flexibility in their portfolios, complexity, the study of resilience has emerged in but many overlook how they might better leverage which scientists, economists, government leaders these assets by developing strategies designed and psychologists are working to understand how for resilience. At Steelcase we asked ourselves systems, organizations and people can adapt to how the concept of resilience could be applied to stay fit within an environment of constant change.

the creation of the places where people within an organization come together. Could we construct a strategy designed to leverage today's complexities and embrace the speed in which circumstances change? Could real estate become an adaptive system to better support an organization's strategy, brand and culture by shifting fluidly while remaining economically viable? Could we develop that "better boat" through real estate? In each case, we believe the answer is yes.



A GLOBAL OPPORTUNITY

Space Per Employee 2013

Ten years ago the average allocation of space per employee in the United States was 250 sq. ft. Five years from now it's projected to shrink to 150 and other countries are moving in the same

Global organizations have an opportunity to not only shrink their real estate footprint but also amplify the performance of their people

Resiliency is not just about making things smaller, but also better.

alternative work programs. And some companies that have implemented AWS as a space-cutting strategy often leave real estate idling: 11% of workers who use alternative workspaces still have an assigned workspace.

AWS has resulted in modest reductions in real estate portfolios, but there is a steady shift happening. Ten years ago the average allocation of space per Despite plenty of pros and conscited for co-location global real estate firm Cushman & Wakefield: offices organizational performance and business results. in Italy average 215 square feet, in France 180; Spain, 162; the United Kingdom, 170; Germany, 320; and Austria, 130.

people, they need access to technology and they Shannon. need places that bring these elements together. As is the original social network." Thus space is being recognized by executives as a key element of organizational success.

PLACES WHERE PEOPLE WANT TO WORK

When a real estate strategy embraces these ideas, In the past, people had to go to the office to go to work. > The more mobile our devices allow us to be, the it can create a more sustainable approach that is If they weren't in the building they couldn't connect not only capable of withstanding volatile economic with co-workers, the company's IT system, or printed conditions, but also help builds trust and cooperation - files; if they weren't in the building, they weren't what Zolli terms "people's ability to collaborate" working. Then technology cut the tethers to specific when it counts." It creates real estate that can help locations for work, the global economy became augment the interactions of people at work and build everyone's marketplace and cutting expenses

save money by rethinking our approach to work and > The more collaborative we became, the more we To date, in an effort to respond to rapidly changing traditional concepts about the workplace. Did we conditions, organizations have implemented need buildings at all? Could workers simply work alternative work strategies (AWS) such as teleworking, from home and communicate virtually? Could the hotelling and mobile working. These have been company substantially reduce its real estate and its implemented as a way to limit real estate costs inherent costs by implementing alternative work- > The more virtual we need to be, the more physical while supporting organizational objectives, such as place strategies? Companies that focused primarily work-life balance for employees or reducing carbon on cost-cutting and finding ways to put more peofootprints. The idea behind AWS was pioneered by ple into smaller spaces learned some tough lessons, This is the role that place can and should play. In IBM in 1989, but it's only in the last five years that most says Peter Shannon, managing director of Jones an increasingly interconnected and interdependent companies—80% according to one recent study— Lang LaSalle, a worldwide real estate services firm. economy, the places where organizations come took hold of it as a means of reducing real estate costs "Companies lost some things in the process. Teams" together matter more than ever. could not truly collaborate. Employees felt disjointed. Leaders saw a decline in creativity and productivity."

broad implementation of alternative work strategies people come back to the office as a way to drive col-provide meaningful experiences for the people who might have reduced portfolios further, currently laboration and rebuild a sense of connectedness to use them, today and tomorrow. Workplaces where

employee in the U.S. was 250 square feet; today it's versus distributed work, real estate professionals 185-195 and projected to shrink to just over 150 in five agree that the discussion has elevated the awareness years. Europe posts similar numbers, according to of how much the physical environment drives

Leading organizations know this means more than just bringing people together in buildings that bear their name. It means going beyond the aesthetics of While the cost-reduction trend is encouraging, there the environment to creating places that actually help is a growing awareness that AWS can be effective people engage more fully in their work, help build only if it's part of a broader approach that considers trust with distributed co-workers and allow people effectiveness as well as efficiency. This begins with to innovate faster. "Companies have learned and understanding that work is inherently a social endeavor now they're asking how to create work environments and that in order to be successful people need other where people really want to come to work," says

Knowing how to create places that amplify the performance of people and the organizations they work for means understanding and designing for the tensions that exist today:

- more we need fixed places to come together to connect and collaborate
- ► The smaller our technologies, the more we need scale to share and communicate effectively with
- ▶ The more data we generate, the more we need places to help us make sense of it
- need time alone
- ▶ The more distributed we become, the more we need to be together
- we want to be

The opportunity is to not just build smaller offices, but to create destinations that attract people because resilient organizations can grow and thrive.

A SUSTAINABLE APPROACH

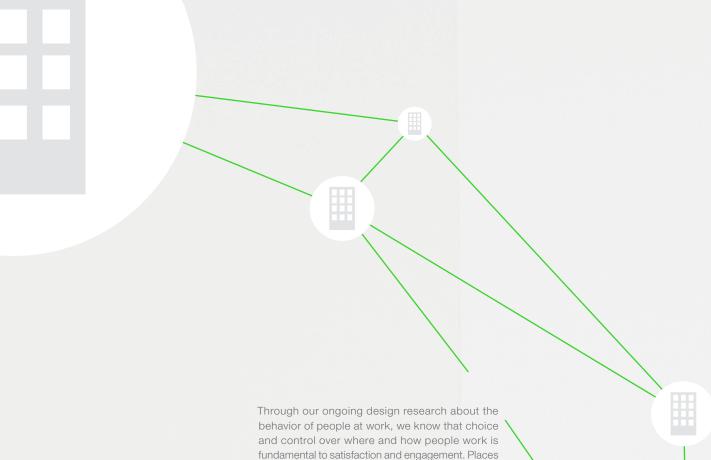
Researchers define resilience as the ability to adapt to changed circumstances while continuing to maintain core purpose and integrity. Exploring and applying some of the principles of resilience provides a framework for real estate strategies to achieve this adaptive capacity.

resilient workplace communities through strong social became paramount. networks based on trust, that can flourish even in the Technology tantalized us with the idea that we could most challenging situations.

and supporting a more mobile workforce.

Overall, AWS reduced the size of real estate portfolios about 6-10%, according to CoreNet Global. While a Today some companies have started mandating that it is where they can do their best work. Places that only about one-fifth of employees are engaged in the organization.

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The Elements of a Resilient Real **Estate Strategy**



Clustering

Design the physical environment to help bring a diverse range of people, resources, tools and ideas into close proximity with each other, while achieving the right level of density-not too sparsely populated

Clustering promotes the cross-pollination of people. ideas and experiences through places that bring them together. These places are designed to augment people's interactions, whether working side-by-side or across continents.



Create places with a modular structure, using integrated interior architecture, furniture and technology components that can be easily reconfigured and enhanced when business needs change, especially during times of rapid growth or disruption.

Modularity requires an intentional design that balances spaces equipped for individual work and group work, some which are owned by individuals and teams and some which are shared. The ability for users to self-select places where they can be most effective allows the overall space to address the shifting needs of the organization.



A feedback loop for the physical environment allows organizations to learn what is working or not, to modify the workplace and continue to iterate and evolve. This means developing a diverse system of quantitative and qualitative data that can alert the organization to the need for gradual or rapid change.

By also employing the concepts of clustering and modularity, the feedback loop allows an organization to rapidly and dynamically reconfigure its spaces and avoid business disruption

CONSTRUCTING A RESILIENT REAL ESTATE STRATEGY

framework we've developed for creating real estate an overall ecosystem of spaces with three key features: that fluidly adapts to to ever-changing circumstances and an evolving organization, while continuing to serve the company's mission.

#1 CLUSTERING

right kind of clustering—bringing resources into close proximity with one another...a special kind of clustering, one whose hallmark is density and diversity—of talent, resources, tools, models and ideas."

Such places enhance both the quality and quantity of less and challenges the company to leverage today's human interaction when they are equipped with the complexities to rethink rather than merely shrink real tools and experiences that matter most—quick and estate. The return it yields can impact the bottom line easy access to colleagues, the tools people need to in ways that transcend cost-cutting since resilient do their jobs and the technologies that amplify their real estate invests in the key asset of any organizaperformance.

that support the various modes of work in ways that consider physical, social and cognitive wellbeing help people be most effective at what they do.

Based on this understanding, we developed a concept that we deploy in our own spaces as well as with our customers: the interconnected workplace. It promotes Three principles from the study of resiliency form the choice and control over the places people work within

- Palette of Place: a range of owned and shared spaces designed for both individual work and
- ▶ Palette of Posture: spaces designed to support movement
- Zolli writes that "resilience is often enhanced by the Palette of Presence: spaces that support mixed presence experiences, both physical and virtual, and analog and digital information-sharing

This concept leads to workplaces that allow people to choose where and how they want to work, or as A resilient real estate strategy is one that embraces we call it, "best place": the ideal place, anywhere on this principle as a foundational element and promotes campus, based on the type of work that needs to be the cross-pollination of people, ideas and experiences done and the environment required to be successful. through places that bring them together. These places
The result is a global ecosystem of spaces designed are designed to augment their interactions, whether to augment the interactions of people, while reducing working alone or in teams, side-by-side or across the company's overall real estate footprint and costs.

> This approach allows an organization to do more with tion: its people.

#2 MODULARITY

There are certain structural features of resilient systems that allow them to ensure continuity by dynamically reorganizing when circumstances require it. "While these systems may appear outwardly complex, they often have simpler internal modular structure with components that plug into one another, much like Lego blocks," writes Zolli. "This modularity allows a system to be reconfigured on the fly when disruption strikes, prevents failures in one part of the system from cascading through the large whole, and ensures that the system can scale up or scale down when the time is right."

A resilient real estate strategy mimics this principle when it has been intentionally designed to create a balance of spaces equipped for individual work and group work, some which are owned by individuals and teams and some which are shared. The ability for users to self-select places where they can be most effective allows the overall space to address the shifting needs of the organization.

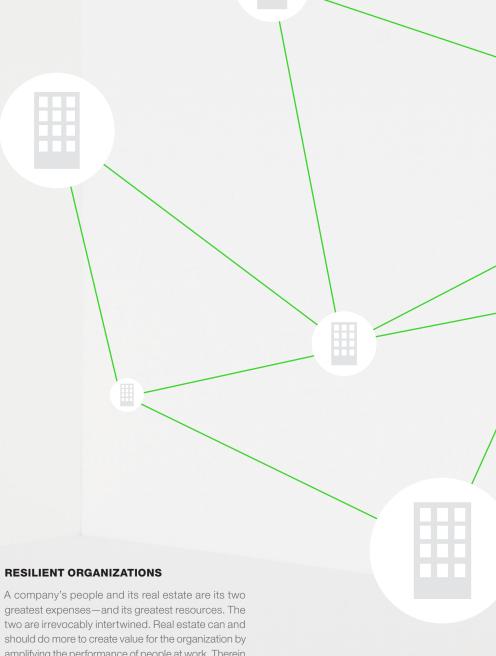
In terms of the physical properties of resilient spaces, the vertical. modularity integrates interior architecture, furniture and technology to allow for easy configuration and adaptation as required to support the types of spaces organizations need at any stage, especially during times of rapid change and disruption.

and operational costs.

Resilient places are designed for maximum performance. Every square foot contributes to the effectiveness of the people working there. This understanding caused us to question conventional thinking about real estate and why the focus is primarily on the horizontal plane and rarely on

Through further research and development, we have explored how vertical real estate can expand the role of walls beyond boundary and division to become vehicles for communication, collaboration and concentration—the elements essential for augmenting As the needs of users shift and external factors human interaction. We believe the vertical plane is a impact business conditions, these spaces remain vital foundational element in creating an interconnected because they are capable of morphing and evolving workplace and can be the underpinning of resilient as required, without increasing the overall footprint real estate when it's designed for intelligence as much as for function.

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#3 FEEDBACK LOOPS

systems employ tight feedback mechanisms how other firms are responding based on their client to determine when an abrupt change or critical list, where they're located and their mix of business. threshold is nearing," Zolli writes. "We are soaking in "If you don't have this information to manage your a world of sensors and the feedback data that these sensors produce are a powerful tool for managing systems performance and amplifying their resilience -particularly when those data are correlated with data from other such systems."

Real estate executives and the teams they work with opposite page). need to apply this same thinking to make sure they employ feedback mechanisms that offer regular, ongoing feedback that can signal when change is required or critical issues need to be addressed.

environment changes and you can't always predict sure they have the best workplace experience where the business needs to go, so you have to possible." This experience translates into support increase your capability to respond. Flexibility is for mobile workers and a workplace that attracts and so much more important in real estate now," says engages talent, communicates the company brand, Shannon of JLL.

While collecting and analyzing feedback that informs global real estate strategies can seem daunting, Workplace surveys can be an effective way for organithere are a number of ways to capture the data. The zations to monitor and measure the experiences their spaces themselves should provide organizations people are having at work. Steelcase offers a wide with feedback that can help inform their real estate range of workplace surveys to our clients, providing strategies. Advanced scheduling systems integrated feedback data on mobility, collaboration, worker satinto individual and group spaces can track space isfaction and other measures. We use these surveys utilization with real-time analytics that measure and to measure the effectiveness of our own global real. And resilient people lie at the heart of a resilient report reservation patterns, lighting, temperature, etc. estate portfolio.

Each month, updated workplace performance information is made available via an internal webbased dashboard and document repository for PwC's senior leaders and partners who manage markets and facilities. It shows who's following hotelling "From economies to ecosystems, virtually all resilient protocol in their office, conference room usage, even

The PricewaterhouseCoopers real estate group

closely monitors workplace performance data for

each of its member-owned firms by tracking when

staff members access PwC's network, check-in to

the hotelling system from digital devices or use an

access card. Data is captured daily and segmented

by lines of services (tax advisory, assurance, etc.) and types of employees (partners, directors, staff).

"Detail is key," says Steve Adams, PwC's director of

workplace strategy in the U.S. "Who is coming in the

office? Are people taking advantage of our mobility

programs?"

workplace it's like running a business without a RESILIENT ORGANIZATIONS balance sheet. It's essential to understanding how our office environments are working," says Adams. (For another innovative way to measure workspace performance, see "Moneyball for Business" on the

Like every balance sheet, workplace performance lies its greatest value to the company. data reveal only part of the story. Adams says that, like most organizations involved in the knowledge economy, "our people are our product. They're the "The business cycle is so dynamic and elastic. The ones who serve our clients, so we want to make and supports the relationship-building that sustains A resilient real estate strategy, based on the principles collaboration, trust and company culture.

amplifying the performance of people at work. Therein

In a world that seems to leap from one crisis to the next, resilience can make the difference between success and failure for an individual, a group, a company. "We can design—and redesign—organizations, institutions and systems to better absorb disruption, operate under a wider variety of conditions and shift more fluidly from one circumstance to the next" notes Zolli.

of clustering, modularity and feedback, helps create strong communities of people in the workplace. It allows them to be more adaptive to change, more able to respond quickly and decisively to a changing global marketplace, and collaborate and cooperate more effectively. Steeped in trust, these people are more agile, innovative, and ultimately more resilient.

organization. •

MONEYBALL FOR BUSINESS

Using big data to develop better workplaces

185-195 square feet. That's the typical amount of space allocated for a knowledge worker in the U.S. today. Five years from now it will be 150 square feet, according to CoreNet. At Steelcase's global headquarters, the current average is 155.

"While this is almost 30 square feet less than it was two years ago, the more important question is, how well do these spaces support communication and collaboration? How well will they adapt to new technology, new work processes? How resilient will they be over time? These are difficult questions for any company to answer," says Dave Lathrop, director of WorkSpace Futures and strategy at Steelcase.

But the company is using new research methods to gauge workplace performance, "and the results we're "Since much of the value that a company produces seeing are more accurate, detailed and nuanced than comes out of the interactions that people have with ever," says Lathrop.

For example, the research reveals that conversations in the morning are more process-related conversations, Lathop's team works with Sociometrics Solutions, projects peak and wind up, there's more back-and- collected data. forth discussion, more sharing of what happened and discussion of results."

more, both face-to-face and via email, video and text, statistics, a game-changing idea featured in the movie with colleagues located farther away on the floor. "We "Moneyball." "We're applying Moneyball to business. believe that since these people have worked together We're taking what's been a very qualitative process for some years, they know others nearby but need for a long time and using data to inform and drive to connect with people located further away," says decisions. Lathrop.

movements, the energy level of conversations, where interactions, we get very fine-grain, accurate data." they're located in the work environment, what spaces Individuals are not identified; people are linked to they use and the interactions they have. "By analyzing this data, we can track how information flows around the company, the diversity of connections, what workspaces are being used the most, how connected "At the end of the day, this information gives us the on their team and similar information," says Lathrop. never before," says Lathrop.

each other, it's critical to know the kinds of spaces that best support interactions."

with more informal interaction happening in the later a firm begun by people from MIT Media Lab, an afternoon, even though both take place in the same organization with which Steelcase has had a working location. Lathrop believe "people hit the ground" relationship for many years. Sociometrics developed running and are task-focused in the morning. As the sensors and the software that analyzes the

Ben Waber, Sociometrics CEO, likens the work to how baseball teams switched from using intuition and In the new workplace people are communicating observation in player evaluations to using detailed

"If you ask people, for example, who they talked to To provide such detailed data, employees wear yesterday, their responses will be about 30% accurate. sensors (about the size of a company ID badge) that They'll respond with the people they know best, or record detailed information about their movements who they like. People aren't being dishonest, they just and conversations over a period of weeks: body don't remember that kind of detail. By tracking their

> teams and only aggregate data is analyzed. Individual information is kept confidential.

or disconnected people are, how they relate to others ability to fine-tune our designs and applications like

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WorkSpring's "work hospitality" aspires to fulfill every need-from whiteboards, paper and supplies to nutritional food and snacks-thus nurturing quality results.

30 W. Monroe St. in the heart of Chicago's Central rience: Workspring echoes the service of a five-star Loop—a destination now considered the flagship of hotel for corporate coworking members and those the Workspring brand—offers a palette of technology- using suites for group sessions. It offers everything infused studios and task-oriented spaces geared from secure wireless Internet access, personal toward stimulating an optimum work experience for lockers and favorite beverages to high-definition groups and individuals on an as-needed basis.

Steelcase, calls it "charismatic" space.

In much the same way that an upper-echelon fitness club offers members the latest equipment, comforts and personal services as needed, Workspring em- "Customers are not focusing on the individual furniture. braces the philosophy of "collaborative consumption," They see that as part of what created the compela business model gaining momentum based on the concept of sharing rather than owning resources.

It's an attractive option for companies that don't have the real estate—or the financial resources for expansion -to host group and team meetings, as well as for off-site staff, satellite employees and independent professionals seeking premium office space in which to work and meet clients.

And it offers businesses refreshing and invigorating space away from the everyday office to tackle critical projects within a tailored setting that places a high priority on gracious hosting, equipped with the latest tools and ergonomic seating. Workspring's "work hospitality" aspires to fulfill every need—from ships. "We helped paint an opportunity landscape and snacks—thus nurturing quality results.

"When you walk in, people know your name, you feel like you're important, you feel cared for and, hopefully, when you leave, you're healthier than when you came in," Malnor says. "We want to make everything evoke curiosity and interest. We want it to be so good, it's like the caffeine in Starbucks. You feel a craving for it."

The fully hosted, 10,000-square-foot Workspring at Ultimately, that means heightening the work expevideoconferencing.

John Malnor, vice president of growth initiatives for "How can we be there to help you when you need us, but never bother you when you don't?" Malnor says of the concierge-style service. "We want to help people do their best work."

> ling experience. Where we lead in the marketplace is our knowledge of work. We know how to create a great experience," says mark Greiner, chief experience officer for Steelcase.

> Steelcase has partnered with Marriott Hotels to develop a Workspring within the Redmond Marriott Town Center outside Seattle, Washington, a 6,000-squarefoot facility designed for business travelers and those seeking collaborative environments for small

Frank Graziano, principal Steelcase researcher in Business Concept Development for WorkSpace Futures, sees unlimited potential in hotel partnerwhiteboards, paper and supplies to nutritional food for them," he says. "Could they be the new workplace 10 or 15 years from now? This is the first step in us collectively trying to serve that market. It will take a little while for that to develop."



The seeds of Workspring date back to 2006, when Steelcase researchers documented two significant workplace trends: fast-emerging technologies with bandwidth expansion that allow people "to work from everywhere" using mobile devices and increasingly complex business problems that require multiple perspectives and group collaboration.

Greiner recognized that changes in business economics and a tougher competitive environment also required the company to find ways to "generate more value in the eyes of our customers."

Inspired in part by books such as "The Experience Economy" by B. Joseph Pine II and James H. Gilmore, which emphasizes the importance of client experiences in stimulating economic growth, Greiner led researchers to "create an experience of work that would be more highly valued" by Steelcase customers. "The future is not just about the stuff we make. It's about the experience we create."

The team spent two years researching and developing what would become Workspring. The first site—the 5,000-square-foot 12 East Ohio building in Chicago's River North Neighborhood—opened in the fall of 2008, focused primarily on the team collaboration and group meetings market.

The much larger 30 W. Monroe location opened in January 2013 with a broader array of work space options that Malnor says leverage "all the tools that Steelcase has developed over the years."

Workspring provides access to the best technology, such as media:scape-integrated technologies designed to help people





tasks and "heads-down contemplative" work, focus or large companies offer you that kind of solution." booths, seven styles of collaborative studios with seating at different postures, exchange spaces between studios for breakout sessions and private areas for phone conversations.

With the world rapidly "untethering people from the office," Greiner says Workspring offers a dynamic new alternative. "It's all about groups working in a very mobile society.'

And that work is happening in an economic climate that has more companies eyeing collaborative consumption when it comes to real estate, a highcapital fixed asset. As Greiner puts it: "It's allowing companies to say, 'Why do I need to buy something when I can share it when I need it?""

Malnor says the prime Chicago location of the 30 W. Monroe Workspring—chosen for its vibrancy, historic status, structural beauty and access to transportation, restaurants and other services-makes it highly attractive.

It targets four distinct markets: corporate cowork- "In this place, for less money than you would rent the The Workspring experience starts from the moment ing for individuals, group and collaborative meetings, smallest office possible in Chicago, you can sit in extended projects and social events, all of which the corner window office, you can go into a private benefit from natural light amid a "free-flowing, feel- office, you can have a meeting with a team, you can good organic space," says Danielle Galmore, director host 40 people for a day. You can sit quietly or you coffee or a nutritional breakfast. of New Business Development for Steelcase and can sit with a group," he says. "You can choose your managing director of Workspring. The site boasts a level of engagement and you can choose the type "forum" for coworking, a "library" for quiet personal of work space you want. Very few small companies

companies, for instance, sit idle much of the time.

best technology, the best space, the best furniture and the best location," but only when necessary, says Greiner, noting Workspring also has appeal as a green related expenses is optimized: I'm spending it when I need it, where I need it."

At 30 W. Monroe, Workspring's service menu for individuals offers a monthly membership for unlimited daily access, a limited plan for up to five full days a month, or a day pass. Studios with flexible configurations can be rented for group sessions for half-days or full days; groups can arrange exclusive use of secure, lockable project suites for long-term tasks lasting weeks or months. Workspring also hosts corporate social events, presentations and educational programs, with arrangements for special catering as needed.

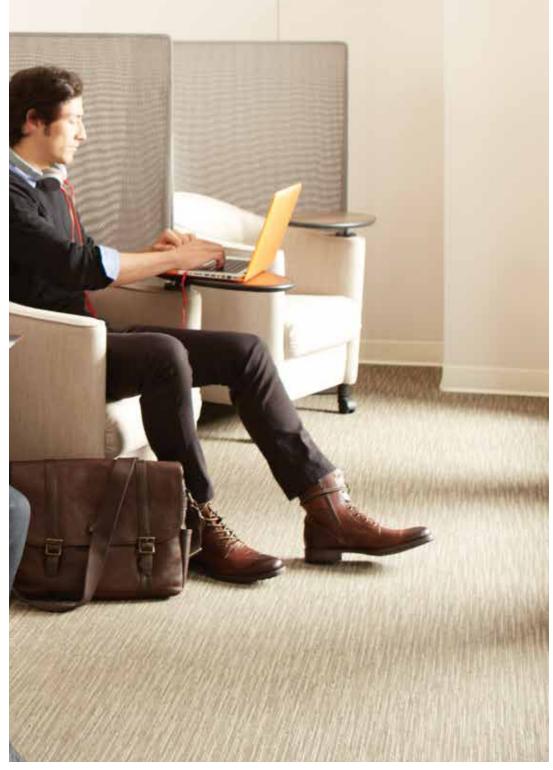
one arrives. Trained staff members greet visitors, who can review the day's latest news on a Workspringprovided iPad as they stroll in and enjoy a cup of

"You notice when you walk in, you walk into the kitchen," Malnor says. "Where does everybody gather when they come to your home? Everybody gathers in the kitchen. There's a human thing about sharing bread Sprawling conference rooms maintained by many together. It's just a core human, social thing.

"Someone looks up and smiles and says welcome. Workspring allows employers to get access to "the We'll know if you have a peanut allergy or if you like cream with your coffee or you prefer a latte versus a cappuccino. We'll know which window seat you like. We'll know more about you than probably most initiative. "It says the money they do spend for space- of your co-workers ever knew because we're looking at everything you do and thinking of how we can make your day better."

And for off-site employees and independent pro- That means offering healthy, light food, locker space fessionals, Workspring offers high-performance, for boots, backpacks and jackets, supplies as diverse connected space away from the home or hotel room. as recyclable markers, disinfectant wipes, lint rollers and power cords. Security is paramount with cardkey access and individual security cameras. Special precautions are taken for corporate clients seeking privacy for meetings about product launches and confidential matters.

"With the world rapidly untethering people from the office, Workspring offers a dynamic new alternative. It's all about groups working in a very mobile society."



Workspring is mostly about ensuring workers' wellbeing, a pillar of the brand. Consequently, Workspring pays attention to detail with subtle environmental touches. Designers of the window-rich space ensured users would "always have a nice sightline or a nice view in the space," Malnor says. "As you walk around this space, you'll notice that everywhere you look, you'll get an outside view where you get natural light. And almost everywhere has something that's alive and green and beautiful. These are little touches that bring a kind of humanity to the space."

Graziano of WorkSpace Futures says the research team "worked hard to develop a very experiential offering" for Workspring that focused on gracious hosting to serve clients with "a degree of presence, subtlety, humility and kindness without interfering with their work." The inviting atmosphere ranges from a pale blue "Workspring color" on some walls to induce "a nice respite for the mind" to felt-covered hangers that don't rattle in lockers. Graziano calls them "little micromoments" that add up: "It's the set of elements that create an experience, a set of intangibles, that collectively are integrated into a very nice feeling for those who come to visit."

professionals. Workspring offers way from the home or hotel roon

"In this place, for less money than you would rent the smallest office possible in Chicago, you can sit in the corner window office, you can go into a private office, you can have a meeting with a team, you can host 40

people for a day."

model. "As the world has gotten more do-it-yourself, in a building on its California campus. people appreciate it when they've got a group that will do it for you. They gravitate toward the fact that we have this highly-hosted experience."

to cutting-edge technological resources and tools such as media:scape, and high-definition video-

they have," giving them an elegant environment to the space." "make the pitch for their million-dollar proposal and the client never sees the garage they're working out of," Malnor says. It also fills a niche need when "the coffee shop is too loud and too public, and the office is too non-social, non-exciting, non-exhilarating. This is a middle ground. It's more private and more exciting than an office."

The proof is in clients' reactions: surveys show customer That sort of experience piqued the interest of leading satisfaction with Workspring is extraordinarily high, innovation and design consulting firm IDEO of Palo scoring an average of 5 out of 5 in recommending Alto, Calif., which has historic ties to Steelcase. The Workspring to others. "They come back because of company, instrumental in developing milestones such that high hospitality," says Galmore, who analyzed as Apple's first mouse and the Steelcase Leap chair, and helped develop Workspring's brand and service is partnering with Steelcase on a Workspring® pilot

Envisioned as a custom-suited facility that will "fit the character" of Palo Alto, Malnor calls it an "inmarket prototype" that will serve IDEO and its clients, Workspring also gives cost-conscious clients access along with other customers. "It's going to be a very interesting space, informal and creative, a California Workspring," Malnor offers.

The Chicago and California sites spotlight another With its holistic approach and contemporary design, dire need satisfied by Workspring-enabled buildings: the Workspring experience caters to a broad range "Developers everywhere are struggling to fill their of players in the marketplace. It lets small startup buildings," Greiner says. "It's another big opportunity companies "elevate their game in terms of the space to put in something like a Workspring as a benefit of

> Tenants of Chicago's Inland Steel Building, for example, not only benefit from the convenience and proximity of Workspring, but from special pricing for membership and use of the studios. It's an enhancement of building space that can induce tenants to stay longer and even pay more for their leases.

"I think we have a strong appetite to see how far this could go. I'd like to see a global footprint," says Galmore, who sees potential for extending and evolving the Workspring service model across platforms, through franchises, affiliates and partnerships with building owners and other businesses. "All the parts and pieces have come together in this really great puzzle."

Workspring is an attractive option for companies that don't have the real estate—or the financial resources for expansion-to host group and tean meetings, as well as for off-site staff, satellite employees and independent professionals seeking premium office space in which to work and

Workspring transforms the traditional view of the office by providing a diverse range of work settings that help companies rethink their real estate footprint and appeal to an increasingly mobile work force.



In the end, Greiner says, the appeal of Workspring is in the experience, one that clients find exhilarating in a work environment that transcends the typical.

"Customers are saying, 'Don't just give me the ingredients for a great cake or even the recipe.' More and more of them are saying, 'Why don't you just bake the cake for me?' That's what Workspring is: the cake."

Malnor sees it as the next chapter in the company's history of enhancing and advancing the way we work. "We're building on the shoulders of 100 years of work that Steelcase has done," he says. "It's a logical extension of the Steelcase vision." •

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Trends 360

What Workers Want

together with other people and with their information. employees?

Steelcase recently completed a study based on surveys over a four-year period measuring employee

satisfaction, mobility and collaboration. These surveys asked nearly 30,000 participants to measure 30 workplace attributes. Their collective responses provide a telling snapshot of what workers want, need

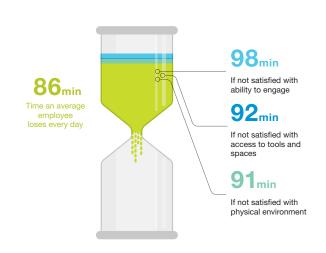
and expect from the workplace.

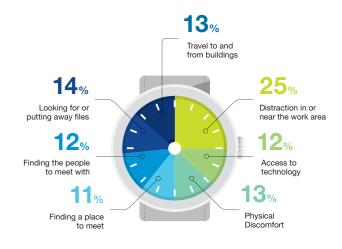
Work is more mobile and global than ever before, A recent synthesis of Steelcase Workplace Surveys, and happens around the clock. While some organi- conducted with over 265 organizations, found key zations have wondered if they even need a physical insights about what workers want from their offices. workplace anymore, forward-thinking companies People want to do their best work, so how can we have found that people need places that bring them leverage the workplace to inspire and engage

BASICS ENGAGEMENT ACCESS \bigcirc $\stackrel{\wedge}{\Rightarrow}$ $\stackrel{\wedge}{\simeq}$ My workplace helps me engage to Get the Basics Right Quick and Easy Access to natural light relevant information make effective + informed decisions great views right technology create new ideas air quality people who help me do my job access to casual spaces unplanned or impromptu meetings scheduled/formal meetings learn from my peers and leaders level of lighting communicate with others sustainability practices private, quiet places right furniture and tools ability to display work adjustability of furniture support sharing and appropriate temperature exchanging ideas display work in progress thousand attributes participants

LOST TIME

Employees who are dissatisfied with key workplace factors lose more time per day than the average

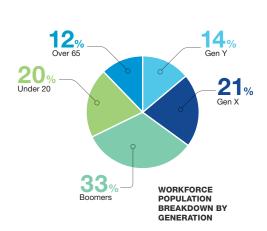




AGE DOES NOT **MATTER**

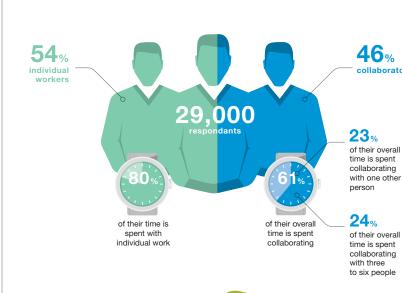
People of diverse ages may have more similar workstyles than you think. What's important to employees is cross-generational. There are few differences in where work occurs, or how time is lost or spent at work.

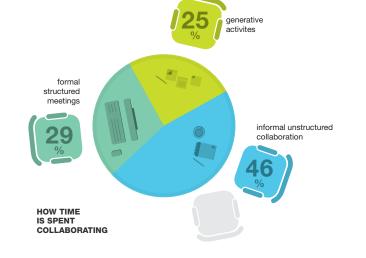




COLLABORATION + INDIVIDUAL WORK

Both individual and collaborative work need to be properly supported in the workplace. Different types of collaboration require different enviornments and tools.





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Amplify Your Innovation Quotient

THE NEW I.Q.

Tom Peters coined this famous phrase. It was true increasing global competition, short-term priorities, then and rings even more true now. For CEOs world-and the need to integrate it into key organizational wide it's obvious: Innovation is critically important to objectives. As a result it remains elusive, and leading an organization's success, and it is imperative that it organizations are looking to uncover every possible remains a key corporate strategy.

ing organizations know that innovation is the way to of leaders believe they need to look outside their supercharge an organization and shift it to growth/own organizations to prime the innovation pump. In fact, 33% of global business leaders rank "the" "Companies in all sorts of industries and markets are companies' top focus in the next three years, accord- ways to drive more disruptive thinking," says Sara ing to a recent study by McKinsey. But the reality Armbruster, vice president, Steelcase WorkSpace

way to boost their I.Q.—i.e., their innovation quotient.

To move beyond survival and actually thrive, lead- IBM's recent Global CEO Study found that 69% these organizations confront, notes McKinsey, is Futures and corporate strategy. "External partners can be a catalyst for new ideas, but organizations



Innovation: A Physical Activity

As organizations seek to amp up their innovation quotient their biggest challenge is more likely information overload rather than a dearth of data on the process itself. There are over 55,000 books on the subject listed on Amazon, written by innovation gurus such as Clayton Christensen, Chip Heath, Tom Kelley, Larry Keeley and Roger Martin. Articles, speakers, The Steelcase team studied a variety of innovation consultants and workshops abound. Little wonder models, from internally focused to external partnerleaders feel daunted by the prospect of develop-

ing the right strategy to increase their

"IDEAS GET EVEN BETTER WHEN WE HAVE A TEAM THAT IS NOT ONLY DIVERSE PROFESSIONALLY OR ETHNICALLY, BUT ALSO **GEOGRAPHICALLY.**"

Despite the plethora of information about the how, what and why of innovation, one topic that gets far less attention is

connection between the physical environment and innovation," notes

innovation can be propelled."

"Innovation is a physical activity," notes James Ludwig, Steelcase vice president of global design. "It's dependent on human interaction, exploration and experimentation. That means the places that bring to innovation outcomes."

As a result of the synthesis of over 15 years of multidisciplinary global studies, Steelcase has found that the physical environment has the power to augmentor undermine—the human interactions essential for

Sir Ken Robinson, an internationally recognized amplify the performance of individuals, teams and the leader in the development of creativity, innovation and global enterprise, and lead to sustained innovation. human resources in education and business, agrees He asserts that culture is a driving force of innovation and everyone in the organization needs to be involved. "If you want a culture of innovation, there are

certain conditions for it," Robinson says. "The culture of an organization is about habits and habitatscreating a habitat where people feel their ideas are welcomed, empowered and rewarded, and creating a physical environment that develops new ideas."

Steelcase researchers, designers and marketing professionals explored these habits and habitats in a series of in-depth explorations. They also collaborated with leading think tanks to study innovation as the driving force of the 21st century from multiple perspectives. Partnering with the Berlage Institute in Rotterdam, they explored how physical environments can augment creative thinking. The company also conducted primary research in its corporate development center by staging a range of behavioral prototypes in which real working spaces were built out and employee behaviors were observed and evaluated using a variety of ethnographic techniques. Additionally, the team benchmarked six powerhouse organizations-Apple, Nike, IDEO, Stanford d. school, Nokia and Gravity Tank—top brands known around the world as leading innovators.

ships. Throughout these diverse explorations they observed that most organizations approached innovation spaces with the bias that teams need to work in the same physical space. "That was a key takeaway from our studies—other organizations had defaulted to the position that innovation can happen in only one place, with co-located teams," notes Steelcase Director of Design Cherie Johnson. "But our experi-"Many organizations overlook the ence at Steelcase has been quite different: We feel that in a global economy, ideas get even better when we have a team that is not only diverse professionally Armbruster. "But space matters. It shapes the or ethnically, but also geographically. People who behavior of people, and creates the 'stage' on which come to the innovation process immersed in the sights and sounds of other cultures bring a deeper layer of insight to the problem at hand."

The team went on to challenge the conventional belief that innovation happens almost exclusively among teams working in the same location. Instead, they people together, physically and virtually, are critical embraced a belief that the physical environment can be designed to bring global teams together, and with greater results. "We think of our global teams as nodes on an innovation network," observes Steelcase Vice President of Marketing Allan Smith. "The physical environment can be designed to enhance the capabilities of each node, regardless of location." Ultimately, an intentionally designed workplace can

"Space matters. It shapes the behavior of people and creates the 'stage' on which innovation can be propelled."

Sara Armbruster, Vice President, Steelcase WorkSpace Futures and Corporate Strategy

An Innovation System



Sara Armbruster. Vice President Steelcase WorkSpace Futures and Corporate Strategy

The desire to innovate is universal across busi- you never know where connections may occur, the critical issue of our time. One important idea of this system interact and connect with one an- the whole. other, sometimes in unpredictable ways, and we believe that the physical environment is one node on a global innovation system.

is to encourage cross-pollination, sharing of ideas plines in the system. Sometimes people get really sionate and excited about these rich insights?" Because, no matter how important the idea might be, if we can't interact within the system, communicate and help other people engage around those insights, then innovation can't happen.

For an innovation system to flourish, people need to live in their content and be immersed in it. So we intentionally create spaces that that make it easy for people to swim and play in their own content, as well as content that may be evolving around them. Because a system can be unpredictable,

ness and industries, and, in many ways it's become or where there's a really interesting question that one person is working on that might spark an Steelcase has embraced is that innovation is a sys- idea in someone from a different discipline who's tem, not a linear process. You can't just come up working on a totally different issue. It may seem with a good idea and pass it over to another team like a paradox, but we want to be very intentional to keep it moving forward. Innovation is more like about designing spaces that create serendipity a complex adaptive system that's based on rela- unplanned interactions, so people will understand tionships, patterns and iteration. All of the pieces their own content but also have a larger sense of

Many organizations struggle to figure out how to bring the right people together in their innovation process. Our bias is that a system is healthier when A really important attribute of innovation spaces it is diverse, and so we are committed to bringing global teams together in spaces that are enabled and making thinking visible across different disci- with human-centered technologies, that minimize distance. Gender, ethnic and professional diversity passionate about an insight or project and they're are all important. But geographic diversity allows so focused on their content that it's hard to step a team to connect with an even greater range of back and say, "How do I share this? How do I make experiences and insights. That ultimately makes this visible? How do I get other people equally pas- the innovation system stronger and better able to respond and adapt to a changing world.

Insights on Innovation

In the synthesis of its research, the Steelcase team identified five overarching insights about the physical nature of innovation and the human behaviors that foster it:

Innovation is a direct result of creative collaboration. Creative collaboration is about forging something new-an innovation-and requires a team with a wide range of professions, diverse backgrounds and experiences whose economic function is to create new ideas, new technologies or creative content. Human interaction drives creative collaboration, and the physical environment has the power to augment and enhance those interactions, making them more valuable.

"Creative collaboration is a high-order process that helps foster innovation, and collaboration is about creating a shared mind," says Frank Graziano, part of the Steelcase team exploring innovation.

Innovation is ultimately about learning, and it's predominately a social process. People learn by working with others in a variety of capacities, and co-creating new things together is the highest form of learning and the highest form of collaboration.

Innovation requires a connection between soci-sity you can get with the smallest scale." ology and technology. Technology is a powerful configuring force in the ways we work because we use it to drive information and knowledge. When it becomes unobtrusive and intuitive for users, technology allows people to share information equally and democratically, improve transparency and more rapidly gain a shared understanding and alignment.

"In the past we thought of technology as a way to free us up for more leisure time," notes Ludwig. "Today, instead of it freeing us from work, it's freeing us to work. It enables people to do more, and frees us up to think big.

Innovation is a team sport that, paradoxically, requires focused individual work to fuel collective creativity. With so much focus on the social aspects of innovation, organizations sometimes forget about the power of individual, concentrated work. In order to be a strong contributor to a team, individuals need the time and place to think and let ideas germinate. Physical environments that foster innovation provide a balance or both "WE" spaces that support creative collaboration as well as "I" spaces that support individual, focused work.

"As we began to understand the rituals of collaboration, we saw that contemplation and collaboration are codependent," explains Graziano.

Collaboration today is both physical and virtual.

To truly take advantage of the diverse backgrounds and experiences of a distributed team interactions should be real-time for the team to be most engaged and productive. It's not just about passing work back and forth between time zones to take advantage of time differences and speed up development. Creative collaboration requires trust, which is built by teammates working together in real-time. The challenge is to eliminate "presence disparity"—those moments that occur when communication and collaboration are drastically reduced during conference calls or in poorly designed videoconference experiences.

Creative, generative collaboration happens in small groups. It often takes place in one-on-one or three-person subsets of the larger team. Even the larger team size should be carefully managed. The trick is to get the right set of skills and inclusion on the team, without weighing it down.

"It's important to balance diversity and scale. While a diverse set of experiences and skills is important, teams that are too large choke on their own complexities," says Graziano. "We have a general rule of thumb for the ideal team size—6-8 people—and we're also big believers in the power of dyads and three-person teams. We say, go for the most diver-

From Smokestacks to Ideas

After years of extensive research Steelcase embarked on creating its own innovation center. Armbruster, along with co-sponsors Ludwig and Smith welcomed their teams to a former manufacturing facility, which was reimagined and redesigned to reflect the insights gleaned from their research.

The adaptive reuse of an underutilized manufacturing space is a metaphor for the changes Steelcase and other legacy industries have faced. "In the industrial revolution, one of the signs of corporate pride was the number of smokestacks rising from its buildings. Today it's the number of new ideas," notes Ludwig. "It's ironic that innovation in manufacturing enabled us to free up this space for a different kind of innovation."

The creation of a new innovation center was driven by the organization's need to effectively compete in

"WE NEEDED A PHYSICAL DESTINATION THAT **WOULD FOSTER THE** BEHAVIORS OF AN INNOVATION CULTURE."

an interconnected and interdependent world. "Like every other mature industry we have a business need to accelerate innovation," explains Smith. "We need to generate more creative ideas faster and bring them to market quickly. We decided we needed a physical destination that

would foster the behaviors of an innovation culture and engage top talent in the process."

"It was very intentional that we had just celebrated our 100 year anniversary," explains Ludwig, "and we asked ourselves, what will be the parameters for innovation in the next 100 years? "

"Innovation is a core business strategy for us," adds Armbruster. "We are asking people to embrace behaviors that lead to innovation, and that is hard ed enterprise which means we have to leverage work, especially in a globally integrated enterprise our talent around the world. We need our spaces



located in the same place. It's important to balance the social aspects of innovation with the spatial and informational. The 325,000-square-foot/ 30 200 meters squared space is home to 267 people at the company's Global Headquarters in Grand Rapids, Mich., and also serves teams who are distributed around the globe. "Another key business strategy is to become a more globally integratwhen teams who need to work together are not all to enable distributed teams to collaborate in real time," adds Smith.

What is Your Organization's **Innovation Quotient?**

21 key questions you need to ask.

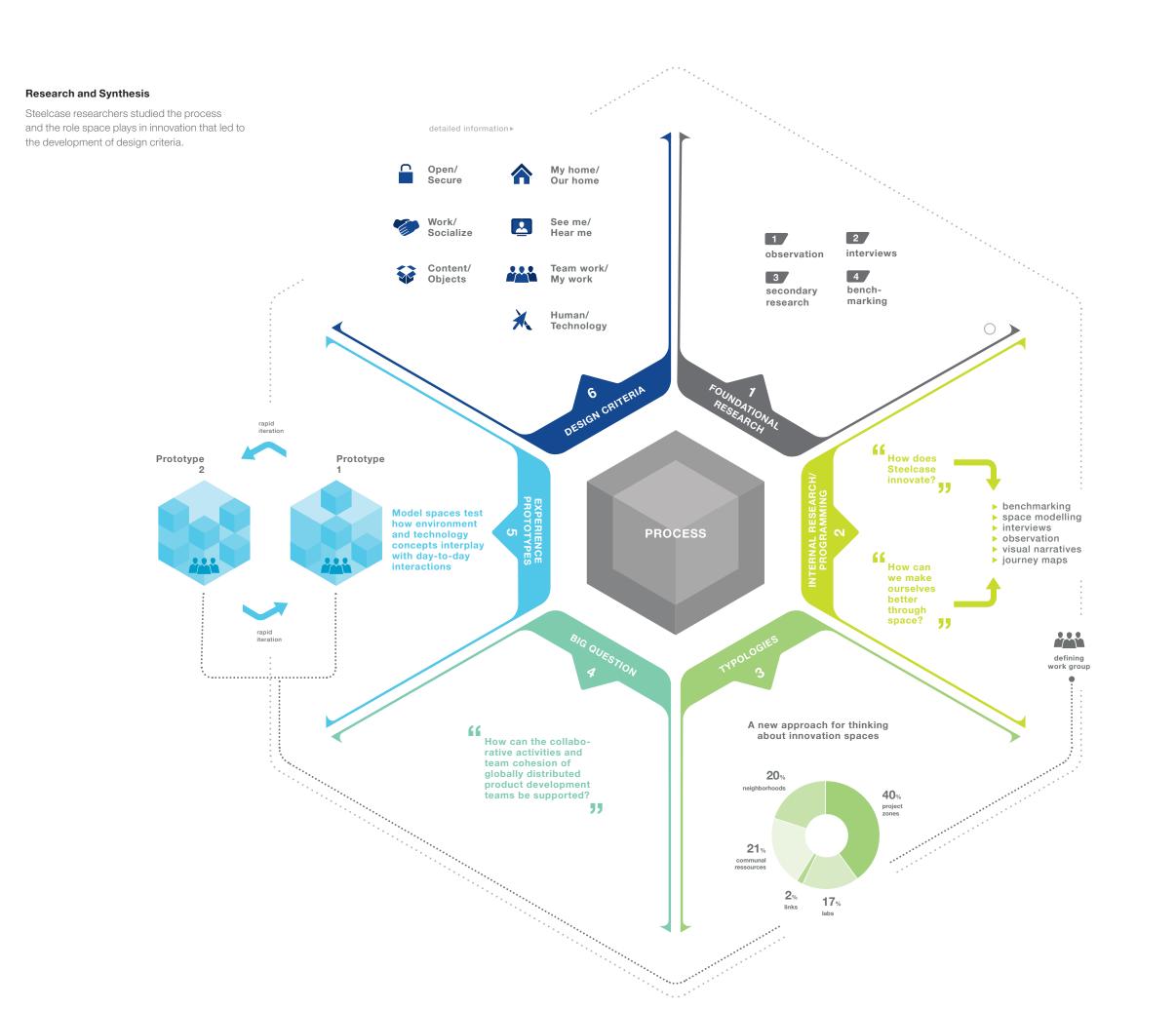
- 1. Has your space been designed to 12. Do you have the right balance of help employees better understand the organization's strategy, brand and culture?
- 2. Have you identified the key behaviors employees need to adopt to propel innovation?
- 3. Have you designated a specific area for your innovation projects and 14. Does your workplace offer project teams?
- 4. Have you developed a global ecosystem of spaces that teams can use to promote innovation?
- 5. Do you have a feedback mechanism that signals the need for modification and adaptation?
- 6. Does your space intentionally promote cross-pollination of diverse people and ideas?
- 7. Does your space help build trust among global teams by allowing them to connect quickly and easily? 18. Can your vertical real estate adapt to
- 8. Are your collaboration spaces equipped with intuitive technology 19. Do your collaboration spaces offer that makes it easy to display and share information with others?
- 9. Does your space make it easy and 20.Do your collaboration spaces minicomfortable for remote team members to participate fully in work sessions?
- 10. Do your video conferencing configurations allow remote team members to see content in the room and on the walls, and to hear everyone in the room equally?
- 11. Are there informal areas to video chat with 1-2 team mates from other locations?

- spaces for concentration and spaces for creative collaboration?
- 13. Do you have a range of spaces from which people can choose to work based on their preferred work style or the tasks they need to accomplish?
- rooms that teams can configure for their own needs and own for the duration of the project?
- 15. Are there a sufficient number of collaboration spaces for small groups of 2-3 people?
- 16. Do you offer a wide range of posture options so employees can sit, stand, perch or walk throughout the day?
- 17. Are you fully leveraging your vertical real estate as a vehicle for communication, both analog and digital?
- the cycle of your innovation projects?
- a balance of acoustical privacy with visual transparency?
- mize presence 'disparity' for remote participants?
- 21. Do your informal areas allow employees to toggle between work, socialization or respite?

Creating an innovation center

Research and Synthesis **Design Criteria An Innovation Center Typology**





Design Criteria

steer their design direction:

Open/Secure

Work/Socialize

develop trust?

Content/Objects

My home /Our home

"homes for projects"?

Team work/My work

See me/Hear me

Human /Technology

The team identified a number of tensions and com-

plexities the space needed to address. They asked

themselves a series of strategic questions that would

very fragile ideas in their infancy?

How could the new space support the need for

transparency while balancing the need to incubate

Could the space create an atmosphere that is both

highly productive and active in the pursuit of inno-

vation while fostering social interactions that help

Does the space help concepts and ideas become

visible and tangible to others? How can it also sup-

port three-dimensional prototypes and artifacts?

How can space enable a shift from thinking about

"home bases" assigned to individuals to the idea of

What's the best way to bring people together and

help them connect, and balance that with the needs

of individuals to contemplate and concentrate on their focused work? How can the space support

individuals to transition easily between team and

How can we create a positive experience for both physical and virtual presence in the space? Can

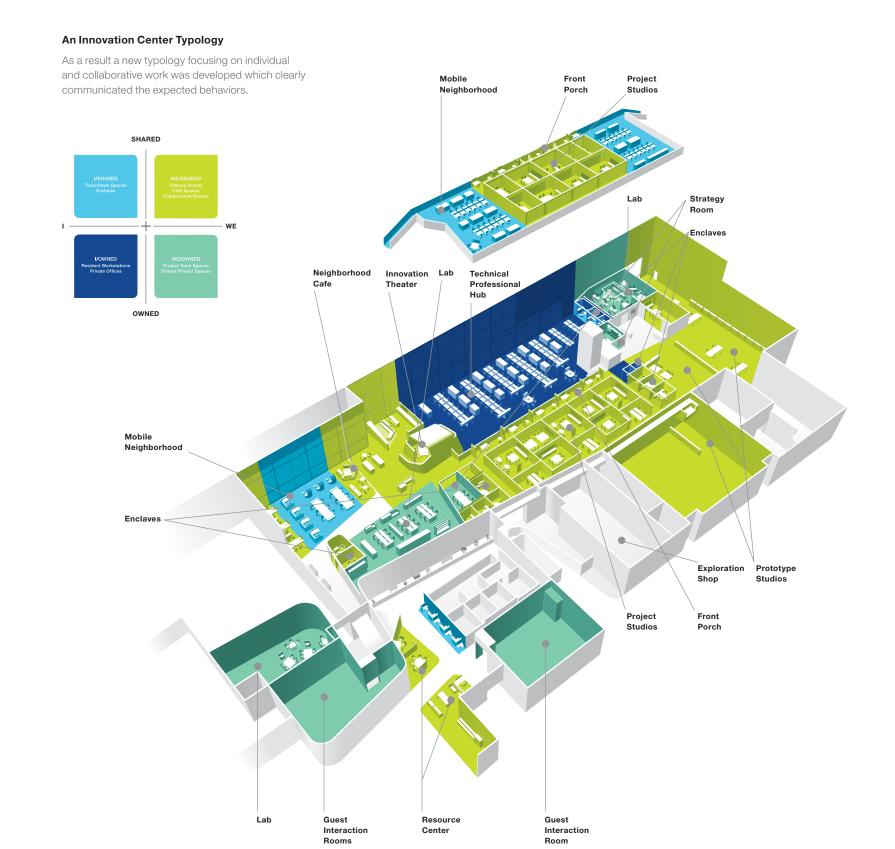
we allow people to see and be seen, hear and be

heard regardless of where they are working? Can

we provide contextual awareness for remote par-

ticipants and equal access to technology controls?

How can the environment leverage technology to augment and enhance human interactions?



Technical Professional Hub

Benching workstations provide a shared home for Separate, closed rooms, right outside the innovaengineers, many of whom are assigned to multi- tion center, allow teams to host external partners, ple project teams. Having a setting where it's easy customers and designers and engage them in the into exchange technical information and knowledge novation process. This allows ideas to incubate inside with others in the same profession allow workers the innovation center, and then be shared externally to drill deep into each other's expertise, increasing when appropriate. These spaces can be adapted to the likelihood that specialized insights get applied support a range of experiences. These rooms also broadly across multiple projects in different prod- have videoconferencing capabilities to support viruct categories.

Strategy Rooms

The design and marketing teams each have a strate- Just outside the project studios, front porches serve tion displays and videoconferencing.

Mobile Neighborhoods & Enclaves

Open-plan neighborhoods and 16 enclosed enclaves, Neighborhood Café all conveniently adjacent to project studios, provide Socialization and respite are the priorities of this large individual or small group spaces for workers away communal zone for refreshment and informal engagefrom the activity of the project studios. Each enclave ment. Whether coming here to chat with a coworker is equipped for collaboration via videoconferencing, or relax and think, this place recognizes the human online chats and digital file sharing. The behavioral side of work, including the importance of building the prototype proved that enclaves without these tools social trust that's the currency of successful collabosimply don't get used.

Exploration Shop & Prototype Studio

innovation, product prototyping areas are directly sation with telepresence at the media bar. adjacent to the product studios and visible through Labs glass walls. This is where early concepts can be While project studio ownership rotates after a projquickly roughed out from scratch. In the adjacent prototyping studio, ideas are turned into models. Transparency and proximity help teams develop trust and early alignment.

Guest Interaction Rooms

tual presence of remote teammates.

Front Porch

gy room that functions a lot like a clubhouse or den. as touchdown spots where small groups or individu-It's an intimate, shared place to meet and keep in- als can step away for focused work, while still being formation that's particular to each discipline. These visually accessible to the team. A technology screen rooms are well equipped for whiteboarding, informa- integrated in each front porch provides constantlystreaming data about the project, so anyone can get acclimated quickly before entering the studio.

ration. Workers can enjoy the seasons, either in front of the fireplace or on the adjacent outdoor patio in the Because rapid iteration of ideas is fundamental to

ect ends, three specialized areas within the space consultants to the project teams, but typically aren't assigned to one. A variety of furniture applications within each area supports a range of work processes and postures.

Members from Steelcase's globally distributed WorkSpace Futures team use telepresence in the Insights Lab daily to collaborate with colleagues globally.

Global Collaboration: Erasing Distance.

To drive growth and leverage the strength of a globally integrated organization, it was critical that the team solved for new ways of working, Steelcase knew it could develop more innovative ideas if it effectively engaged a diverse group of thinkers, located around the world. The new innovation center needed to consider the needs of employees who were joining the team virtually and try to minimize or eliminate any disparity they might experience. All of the key ingredients of global creative collaboration needed to be thought through, from IT

"WE NEEDED TO MAKE DISTANCE **EVAPORATE.**"

"We approached the project from a user-centered perspective on what we need as an organization that will help

systems to organizational culture.

us innovate," explains Patricia Kammer, one of the researchers on the project. "A big question was how do we design space in a way that will encourage cross-pollination, sharing of ideas and making thinking visible across different disciplines?"

"From the start, this project was about connecting our global network. The new space would be just one node on a larger network," says Kammer. "We needed to make distance evaporate."

projects are global, with design studios in Europe, hood that individuals will reach out to each other Asia and North America, plus external partners. directly to solve problems. Teams are in touch daily John Small, Steelcase's director of design in Europe, via telepresence as well as through other technoland John Hamilton, Steelcase's design director for ogy tools to collaborate. "Distance shouldn't be Asia Pacific, lead multi-national teams—French, considered a barrier," Hamilton says.



German, Spanish, American and Chinese team members work in collaboration with each other as well as the research and marketing teams. It's important to put everyone on a project team "in the same room" virtually whenever needed, notes Today 75% of Steelcase's product development Small. Team interactions also increase the likeli-



A Palette of Place, Posture and Presence

The new innovation center offers a range of spaces that people can choose from, depending on the type of work they need to do throughout the day, and encourages them to move throughout the space rather than stay in one place. Everything is transparent: glass walls allow workers to see their ideas progress from concept to reality. Walls have become the new worksurface, and information lives on vertical planes where everyone can see it. Areas for respite, both indoors and outdoors, allow employees to get away without going away. The space tells workers that it is ok to stand, lean, perch, lounge or work in any posture that is comfortable and helps them to stay energized and focused. The environment encourages people to experiment and try new things.

"We wanted to have a place where we could make and break things," says Ludwig, not entirely tonguein-cheek. "We wanted to help move ideas from the computer screen to prototypes as quickly as possible. Design is a very physical process."

"The space is not overly prescribed," says Johnson, whose design team partnered with Shimoda Design group for the interior architecture. "Forces of change happen over time. This is a simple architecture that gives humans access to natural light, daylight views, the simplicity of a raised floor that has modular power and under-floor air delivery. It's a simple floor plate designed for evolution, so we can adapt it and allow the building to 'learn' with the people who use it."



Open plan collaboration areas (adjacent to the Professional Hub) are well equipped with whiteboards and technology tools, such as media:scape, allow the industrial design team to easily connect and collaborate.

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Benching workstations in the Professional Hub provide home bases for the engineers and industrial design team.





Workstations in the Professional Hub allow the easy exchange of technical information and knowledge.



The Mobile Neighborhood provides both individual and small group spaces for workers away from the activity of the Project Studios.

A total of 16 Enclaves are adjacent to the Project Studios and equiped for collaboration via video conference equipment, online chats and digital file sharing.

Homes for Project Teams

As the team considered how to best support a culture of innovation, one of the paradigms they needed to shift was to move from thinking about home bases for individuals to homes for project teams. This meant they focused on spaces that would support teambased work, flanked by front porches to support

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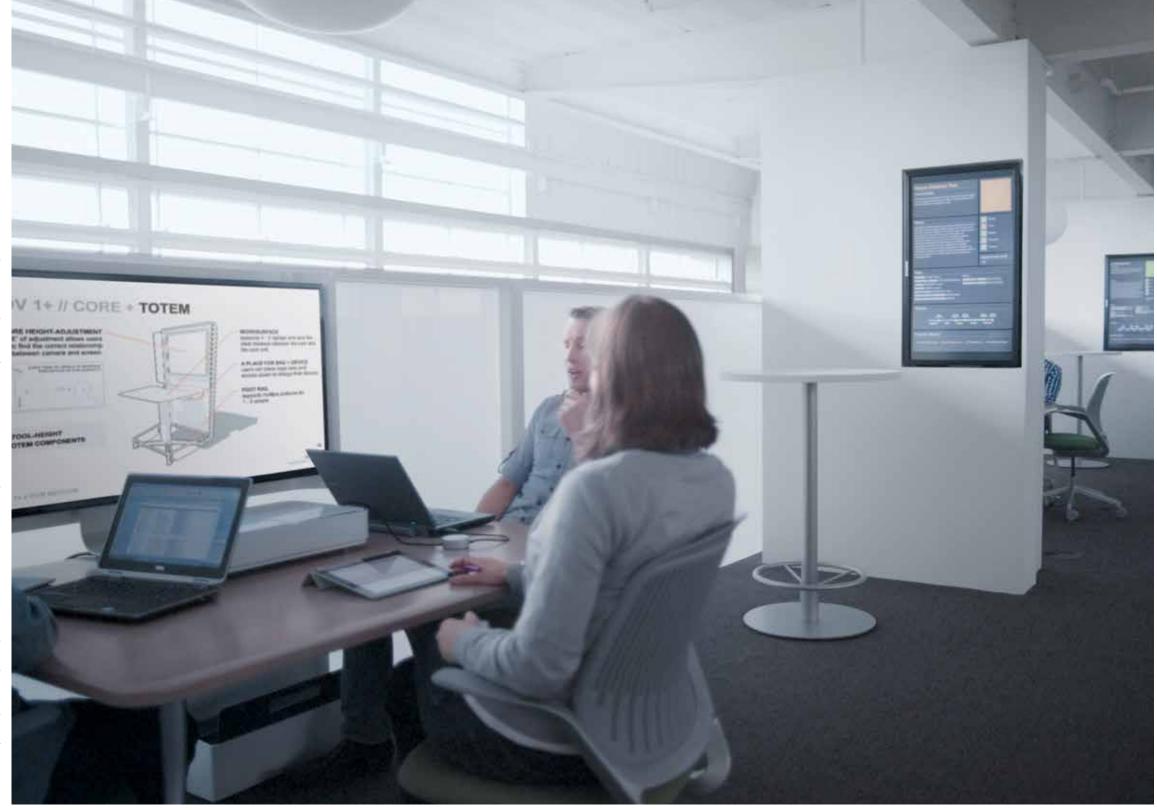
individuals and small groups and back alleys where work moves from concept to reality. The project studios, at the heart of the center, were allocated 40% of the overall footprint and are the places that product development teams call home.

WORK HAPPENS."

The studios have been carefully planned to support remote team members as well as those who are physically pres-

ent. "During the behavioral prototype stage, we saw that people tend to behave in a very forced and formal way during telepresence meetings. They sit up very straight, as if they're TV news anchors, and are reluctant to move," explains Ritu Bajaj, a Steelcase researcher. "Having a variety of applications in the room, such as café tables and lounge settings, enhances informality, which makes for much better collaborative experiences."

Every studio features videoconferencing in a multiscreen format, which assures people can see each other and their content. The room supports different configurations and views, including close-up and one-on-one exchanges where gestures and facial expressions transmit clearly, improving understanding and contextual awareness. The studio layout assures everyone can be on camera during videoconferences, and ceiling-mounted speakers ensure audio clarity. There are zones in the studios where workers can break away from active collaboration but stay nearby to rejoin as needed.



The Front Porch area outside each Project Studio serves as a touchdown space for these members of the Integrated Technology team. Screens provide constantly streaming data about the project.

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The innovation center includes 13 Project Studios of varying sizes. Each Project Studio is a smart space which seamlessly integrates architecture, furniture and technology to support both physical and remote participants. The vertical plane hosts technology tools to support large scale display so all teams members can easily see and access content.

Project studios are configured in a variety of sizes small, medium and large. The research confirmed that small teams don't work well in large rooms: There's too much distance between people and walls. This is an issue because the vertical plane is important for communicating and displaying information. Information persistence—analog and digital-facilitates understanding and creates allimportant team memory.

As team members carry more of their information on small, mobile devices, the vertical planes needed to become zones that host technology to support large-scale display so teams can gather around the content, understand it together and build on it. When teams are working this close to these vertical planes, acoustical privacy becomes critical. And as projects are completed and new teams form, it was important that the vertical planes could be easily reconfigured for different size spaces.

All of the spaces offer a palette of posture—standing, lounging, perching and walking. This is particularly important during very long telepresence sessions, which can be energy-draining. Steelcase researchers observed "video fatigue" as a common malady Designers like to think with their hands, so prototypes help ease the pain.

Because different teams work in different ways, each has the opportunity to select from a variety of furniture applications when they move into a studio. In this "We've seen project spaces that are so pristine that preferences and tools, celebrating their processes Kammer. "Innovation through creative collaboration, and claiming the spaces as theirs for the duration. if done authentically, is a visually and even socially Because the studios are elastic and continuously messy process." evolving spaces, when the next team moves in, they can choose what's best for them.

among distributed teams and found spaces that populate the entire innovation center. Prototypes give encourage movement and a variety of postures could ideas physicality, so each project studio has ample space to stage, debate and store pieces, parts and even whole models. Teams can literally put things together and pull them apart to move ideas forward.

way, they can configure the space to their activities, they discourage the ad hoc nature of creativity," says



The Back Alley provides a space where work moves from concept to reality.

52 | Issue 66 | 360.steelcase.com 360.steelcase.com | Issue 66 | **53** "As workers live and work in this new space, as new technologies emerge, the innovation center's agile design will also adapt."

Director of Design

An iterative process

The innovation center, like all Steelcase spaces, is a working prototype, in which the organization implements its latest ideas, learns what works and what doesn't, and modifies the space accordingly. It's an iterative process that is at the heart of design thinking, and the very act of innovation itself. This space is designed to iterate and allow learning, which is the essential ingredient for innovation. Over the coming years, as workers live and work in this new space, as new technologies emerge and are adopted, the innovation center's agile design will also adapt.

A principle that will remain constant throughout any future evolutions is that innovation is dependent on human interactions. The physical environment has the power to augment those interactions that are essential for innovation, and will be increasingly global as distance gradually evaporates. Places will serve as the stage that brings together an organization's strategy, brand and culture and makes them tangible and actionable for employees. Intentionally designed places can amplify the performance of individuals, teams and the entire enterprise. •

7 Habits of Innovation

In preparation for their move into Steelcase's new innovation center, a cross-discipline team developed a manifesto of sorts for new residents. The aim: accelerating insights to innovation.

> Raise central questions

Be observers, listeners, and learners

Make ideas visible

digging in. It can be intimidating to need to uncover the edges of what them visible! Write it, doodle it, hack work in uncharted territory without we already know so that we're able it, build it, act it out, make a video, familiar paths to follow, or with no to step into new territories. So roll up whatever. Ideas are useful only to the right or wrong answers. But accept your sleeves, get dirty and take risks extent that they can be shared, evalthis ambiguity as a part of your pro- to venture into the unknown! Covering uated and built on by others. If you cess and go with it. Question your a lot of ground quickly will help you have trouble finding a way to express assumptions and ask crazy, lofty uncover the most exciting opportu- or visualize your idea, team up with questions...then explore these nities to take further. mysteries by breaking them down into focused pursuits.

Ask big questions, and then start We are all explorers of ideas, and we Get ideas out of your head-make someone who can help you get your ideas out in the open.

Share and co-create

even provocative discussions by you to shine. inviting more diverse voices into your

conversations. Mix it up-great ideas can come from unexpected places!

Make others

successful

Be an optimist Fail faster to succeed sooner

and doing so also gets others excited out, the more you learn—faster! about what you're creating together.

Reach out to foster connections A great measure of your success is Enthusiasm is contagious. We all Learn, rinse, repeat. Don't wait to try and meaningful relationships both how well you have made others suc-share an innate optimism in the very and get everything right the first time. inside and outside of the company. cessful. Build an environment of trust work that we're doing; our collective Even if something doesn't work as Inspiration, opportunities and partner- and respect around you. Recognize efforts create solutions that can expected, we still learn from it. Rapid ships can come from anywhere; they your colleagues, encourage their con- improve people's lives and build a prototypes gradually grow your feed your intellectual appetites and tributions and build on their ideas. healthier world. Openly embrace this understanding of the big problems assemble a more dynamic community. Celebrate courage, and create more enthusiasm, and listen to constructive that we're trying to solve, piece by So, spark some interesting and opportunities for the people around criticism—it makes ideas stronger, piece. And the more things you try

Insight-led Solutions

How to choose the right project studio for your team:

Innovation requires more than just the right culture, process or tools; it takes the right space to boost and sustain teams over time and across distance.

Steelcase researchers and designers have found there are distinct behaviors that drive innovation, and the physical environment can be designed to augment human interaction and foster those behaviors. That's why we created Project Studios—a set of active arenas where co-located and distributed teams engage for hours at a time.

Each Project Studio is a smart space that seamlessly integrates architecture, furniture, and technology product platforms. These spaces are designed as malleable tools to be shaped and continually learned from, and our platforms are designed to evolve and keep pace to host new technologies and user needs in the future.

Project Studios include a front porch, center arena, and back alley. Each zone translates observational research and insights into a dynamic spatial experience. These high-performance spaces welcome and inform users when they arrive, support how they assemble and array information along horizontal and vertical planes, enable aside conversations between team members when needed, and allow people to adjourn without disrupting others.

To learn more about **Project Studios and their** impact on innovation:



Associated Trend Categories



Community & Culture Forces at Work: demographics, Forces at Work: physicaldistributed workers and content, best place, co-working, colleague intelligence, human interface, and social networking

virtual braiding, amplified presence disparity, BYOD, voice and data access



Networks & Data

Forces at Work: mixed presence, information access and storage, collective intelligence, individual control, context aware computing

Work

Forces at Work: short-term appropriation, well-being, location diversity, work-life balance, contingent and knowledge workers, cocooning

How to plan project studios that support co-located & distributed teams:



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DESIGNING FOR THE HUMAN/TECHNOLOGY

BY **ALLISON ARIEFF**

The editors of 360 Magazine invited Allison Arieff, former editor-in-chief and founding senior editor of Dwell, content strategist for the urban planning and policy think tank SPUR and a contributing columnist for The New York Times, to visit our Global Headquarters and view new solutions designed to address the tension between humans and technology in the workplace.

I was invited to Steelcase earlier this year to preview The WorkCafe demonstrates how Steelcase continues some of the company's new innovative solutions and learn what they've been doing to address the changing nature of work. It's obvious how dizzyingly-fast technological changes have completely changed the ways we work. Today we're working with multiple devices that have changed not only our work styles, people, teams and the organizations they work for. but even our postures. Smaller devices are causing us to seek larger-scale places to share our information. And as video capabilities are ubiquitous in our technologies, video is rapidly becoming a dominate form of communication. Today we even use technology to locate the people we need to work with. At one time many would have concluded that the ease and ubiquity of the cellphone pointed to a future where the office would be obsolete. If everything could be done in the palm of your hand, from anywhere at any time, why did you need an office at all?

Mobility is indeed ubiquitous but not in the way many thought it would be. People can—and do—work from anywhere but they still come to the office. Recently business leaders have been asking their people to spend more time at the office, recognizing the workplace is where real collaboration and innovation occur. But what the office has to do now is very different from before because people are not working the way they used to. Everything from the way they sit to the tools they use have changed. The workplace should no longer be based solely on—or designed around—rank and hierarchy. And at a time when business leaders are questioning how do you engage people and drive innovation, designing spaces as a destination where people want to be becomes more important than ever.

That was affirmed in my mind the minute I walked into Steelcase's WorkCafé in their global headquarters building. Formerly the company's cafeteria space, WorkCafé is an on-site third place that integrates working, dining and networking in a welcoming, inspiring and wired environment where employees can choose how and where they work. The space was bustling with people—all there for different reasons: to meet with others, socialize, grab some food or just work alone.

"This is what workers want and need," says Dave Lathrop, Steelcase's director of Research & Strategy. "People have been empowered to own much greater chunks of the decisions about their work life and this is

to think about space differently to empower and engage people at work. They use a human-centered design approach that allows them to understand user behavior and explore, ideate and create the best solutions that help to amplify the performance of

It seems obvious—design products with the intended user in mind—but just as form doesn't always follow function, too often products are designed without adequate regard for who will be using them and how. Instead—unfortunately—design often forces the user to change natural behaviors to use the product.

With human-centered design, it's all about the needs of the user. Steelcase works to understand people holistically in their natural environment. Their needs, wants and aspirations are a focus at all stages of Steelcase's design and development cycle. A passion for building things with intrinsic value is entrenched in the culture. Says Steelcase's anthropologist Donna Flynn, a leader in the WorkSpace Futures team, "Human-centered design is not just a methodology; it's a mindset. It's not just a single team that's focused on the user. It's pervasive across the organization."

Take technology. It's the leading driver of change in nearly all aspects of our lives and certainly in the ways in which we work today. To keep pace with that change and get out in front of it, Steelcase is not only looking at what people are doing today but what they'll be doing in the future. Says Flynn, "We're always trying to think about the 'far' horizon. The things around us change and those things drive change over time. But our core humanness doesn't change over time. So Steelcase looks at how technology is evolving, for example, the way people sit and move and the different postures we assume."

"We're all learning together. All of these things are unfolding in front of us-that drives our innovation," says Lathrop. "In the end, you have to design with the understanding of what people do in the fullest sense."

And that's exactly what Steelcase aims to do with everything it creates. The solutions Steelcase asked me to view have been designed to help organizations create destinations that will augment human interactions. Steelcase believes you can create these destinations by creating what they call an having a whole raft of effects on the work experience." Interconnected Workplace: one that offers workers choice and control over where and how people work for both individual and team work; a range of settings that support various workstyles; a range of solutions that encourage movement and various postures; and environments that address the needs of both co-located and distributed teams.

GESTURE™

Not so very long ago, ergonomists advocated for one primary posture in relation to a desktop computer. But nowadays our "computers" are not limited to the desktop. We have work power in our tablets and phones so that we are no longer tied to a monitor on a desk.

It's not just our gadgets that are different: We look at our tablets and phones differently than when we look at the desk monitor and this introduces more working postures. The interfaces of the tablets and

phones are smaller and the devices are typically held in our hands or laid on a surface. The devices allow us to separate ourselves from the desk and change position...but they've also dramatically changed the "correct" posture for working.

"What has not changed is the need for us to adopt healthy postures," explains ergonomist Carol Stuart-

Buttle who has been involved in Steelcase's user research. "Providing an environment that gives the opportunity to be in a comfortable, supportive position helps make that a possibility."

So if we're not working the way we used to—our tasks are different, our technology radically transformed—what about our chairs? Until now, they've stayed pretty much the same. They may look better, they may even be more environmentally responsible but they're no longer designed for the way we work—and sit—today.



This is something I've certainly experienced. As a writer, I spend a lot of time in front of a computer screen and have increasingly felt the ill effects of sitting in the wrong chair. Finding an ideal ergonomic state is no easy undertaking—I am always wondering: is my computer monitor positioned correctly? Are my wrists properly supported as I type? Am I slouching?

I saw how my concerns could be addressed when I had the chance to experience Steelcase's Gesture, a new sitting experience designed to address the impact of new technologies on the human body and the physiology of work. Whether I was on the phone, texting, or typing or sitting up straight or (I'll admit it—I do it) slouching, the chair responded to the movement of my body. I was supported even when reclining. The chair is designed to put less stress on the body. I felt supported no matter what task I was doing. I got the sense that this chair was a system, just as my body is a system, both with parts that work in concert to achieve optimum effect. When I sat down and felt the lower back support I'd been lacking for decades in any number of "iconic" office chairs, my first thought was "why didn't anyone think of this before?"

Two-and-half years ago, Steelcase assessed the seating options it offered, says General Manager of Steelcase's Seating Group, Ken Tameling. "Our initial take had more of a bias that "the world does not need another chair," he explained. And so the company decided to commission a major posture study to help determine whether changes in work and technology necessitated a rethinking of the chair or not.

GLOBAL POSTURE STUDY

The Draw







The Smart Lean





The Strunch



The Text



The Cocoon



The Take it in





typically means smaller individual workstations. So the question here became 'how can a seating solution work for a higher percentage of smaller as

well as larger people in a smaller footprint?

Finally, the posture study showed that people are

"The user research—in particular the results of the posture study—was the key driver for the creation of Gesture," explains Tameling. "It led us to ask some key questions: 'What if we could design a chair that would encourage motion rather than forcing the body to hold a pose? What if we could design a chair that augments our experience with technology rather than gets in the way of it? Simply put, why not create a chair as advanced as today's technology?"

For more information about Gesture, see the Product Guide, pg. 132.

V.I.A.TM **VERTICAL INTELLIGENT ARCHITECTURE**

The workplace has become a real workhorse. It's no

That's a tall order, and many of the tools in the traditional workspace design arsenal may not be up to the task. Take perhaps the most seemingly

> mundane and often overlooked asset: the wall. What does a wall do? What is it for? It divides. It's often blank, often stubborn. And it's static. It's an integral part of any building but is it living up to its full potential? Steelcase wondered, What if a wall could do more? What if it could be

as flexible and dynamic as the work cultures its meant to support? What if it could express brand identity while also providing acoustical privacy? As people collaborate more, what if walls become the new worksurface?

"The vertical plane is underutilized real estate in most offices," says Allan Smith. "Many people drive smart cars in which they can display content on a screen with only a gesture. Then they come to offices where the walls are dumb by comparison. Looking to the future we see much more intelligence integrated into the vertical plane."



because it offers true acoustical privacy, allowing people to work without disruption or worrying about disrupting others. Technology integrated into V.I.A. also augments interactions by making it easy for teams to move their information from personal devices up onto a large scale display, helping them to build a shared understanding of their content V.I.A. provides a sense of permanence with the speed and design flexibility of a relocatable wall. Walls aren't going away-they're just being asked to do more things.

"Clearly what we are seeing is a shift in the way people will communicate, collaborate and use technology in the future," says McCourt. "In the future there will be three primary types of

devices, cloud computing, and large scale architectural displays. Thanks to the efforts of companies such as Microsoft, Dow Corning, Oblong and Cisco we will have intelligent rooms that will self-configure themselves around people, technology and process."

"Imagine walking into a room which recognizes who you are by your mobile device, configures the room to your lighting and temperature preferences, pulls your information off the cloud (because that is where your data will reside in the future), and allows you to begin collaborating with others. By simply using an interface such as gesturing you will be able to display and control your information on the architecture. Now many of these technologies do exist today in one form or another... however, it's not too far in the distance when they all come together to create these intelligent rooms," says McCourt.

Technology-enabled architecture will be required to support intelligent rooms. In the future walls will not just define private offices... but rather define "private experiences", explains McCourt. These experiences will be around videoconferencing, technology, collaboration and privacy. So clearly there will need to be a shift in the planning pendulum to provide more choice around levels of privacy for both teams and individuals in the future. In this rapidly evolving scenario, the vertical plane doesn't just divide one space from another; it will now create new spaces and new surfaces. It will support data sharing, technology and furniture.

What's most exciting about V.I.A. is not just what it can offer today but that it's been created to anticipate future needs. Technology, as we all know, changes fast. This is a product designed to accept new technology as it evolves: "future-flexibility" is built-in. Soon, gesture-recognition will be available, for example, and one can only imagine the myriad other possibilities on the horizon.

For more information about V.I.A., see the Product Guide, pg. 138.

longer just a place where people go to do their job. It's constantly evolving, reacting and responding to its occupants. It's getting denser. It is being used for more hours in the day by more people in increasingly differentiated ways. It can't just be a place where work gets done, it must also optimize real estate; enhance collaboration; attract, engage and develop employees; build brand and culture; and support wellbeing.

AND DYNAMIC AS THE WORK CULTURES ITS MEANT TO SUPPORT?"

"WHAT IF A WALL COULD

BE AS FLEXIBLE

MEDIA:SCAPE® **TEAMSTUDIO™** KIOSK™ **VIRTUAL PUCK™**

"IT'S ABOUT FORMING

NEW SOCIAL STRUCTURES

AND RELATIONSHIPS

SO A COMPANY CAN BEHAVE

AS ONE ENTERPRISE."

We've entered an era of global enterprise. In a Competitive advantage has its roots in individuals it's the social enterprise that's becoming global. changing the way people interact.

social structures and relationships so a company between them. can behave as one integrated enterprise."

The media:scape family of solutions exemplifies can make decisions faster'," says Steelcase's Steelcase's response to the need to be a globally integrated enterprise. "We believe that video already been on video four times that day). As conferencing will become one of the dominant forms of communication within the workplace," challenges, creating reticence for some. Concerns says Lathrop. "It's already happening."

way, that's nothing new—we've moved a dazzling in particular making sure those individuals are array of things-from spices to textiles to oil - connected. As companies expand their global reach from one country to the next for centuries. That they're turning to video to enrich connections. In period of moving commodities expanded when the fact, companies are experiencing a 70 % increase digitization of information facilitated international each year in video traffic—an unimaginable statistic economic integration. Now we're entering a new $\,$ just a couple of years ago. And as many as 62 $\,$ % phase of global enterprise that has ventured of employees regularly work alongside people in beyond the moving of stuff and of capital. Today, different time zones and geographies. This is really

"People in China collaborate with colleagues Steelcase's media:scape with HDVC is uniquely in the United States, in France. To be effective, positioned to facilitate collaboration between companies now need to build not just their employees and help create the essential social and business but cross-cultural bonds," cultural bonds they need. After all, collaboration explains Lathrop. "As a result, new is about more than shared space—it's about issues emerge: how to deal with time connections. The increasing use of video is zones, culture, language, innuendo facilitating better working relationships across and intent? Work is largely social, time zones, latitudes and culture differences. and new organizational patterns are While video may help to decrease the amount of starting to form. It's not about moving travel necessary for employees, its even greater money or data, it's about forming new benefit is in how it aids in building relationships

> "Companies say 'we're investing in video so we Scott Sadler (who, mentions as an aside that he's appealing as video is, it has presented particular about making the technology work or even worrying how they look on screen may be enough to distract people or even deter some from videoconferencing at all. These obstacles had to be overcome.

"If we could make the experience more natural feeling, we could make poeple more productive," explains Sadler.

At its core, media:scape allows distributed teams to instantly share and co-create content. A variety of well-considered features make this happen: The iconic PUCK[™]—an integral feature—allows several people to easily share their ideas, video and research as they work. This physical PUCK was also transformed into a virtual app that puts the user in control of not only content sharing, but also sound and lighting. The new additions to the media:scape family, TeamStudio and the Kiosk, have been designed to help people be focused on their work, not the tools.

media:scape has also been wildly successful in addressing "presence disparity." That's a terrific term for describing how most of us currently feel when beamed in for a group meeting from afar. "These solutions bring to the real (and virtual) table the things that make in-person meetings so valuable—an ability to read facial expressions, body language and other visual cues," says Sadler. "We're doing everything to make people more psychologically comfortable so they're engaged in what they're doing—not worrying about the details."

For more information about media:scape TeamStudio, kiosk and Virtual PUCK., see the Product Guide, pgs. 142-145.



TAGWIZARD[™]

"THE SUCCESS OF

TECHNOLOGY

APPARENT."



"Our beds are empty two-thirds of the time. Our living rooms are empty seven-eighths of the time. Our office buildings are empty one-half of the time. It's time we gave this some thought." -R. Buckminster Fuller

Though Fuller's quote is decades old, his concerns couldn't be more of the moment. There's been an increasing awareness of how much more efficiently space can be used. Indeed, in business today, real estate optimization is key to performance: companies are shrinking square footage and densifying their spaces, allowing them to spend less money on real estate and optimize the space

they already have, often using proprietary technology like Steelcase's RoomWizard, THIS ROOM-SCHEDULING which allows them to track how much time collaboration spaces are being used.

Now, the simple-to-use touchscreen interface that helped revolutionize meeting space management is available for individual workspaces with the introduction of TagWizard. Inspired by the success of RoomWizard and by the reality that more workers are mobile and fewer are tied to a desk-in fact, almost 35% of the global workforce is mobile. TagWizard is a first-of-its kind device that allows anyone to log into a corporate reservation application and reserve a spot. Mobile workers can "tag" a space on demand.

Behind the scenes, TagWizard collects information about facilities, providing facility managers with complete information on real estate utilization and wellbeing factors such as temperature and lighting levels. Not only is the space smarter, healthier and more efficient so are the employees working in it. •

For more information about TagWizard, see the Product Guide, pg. 146.

WAS IMMEDIATELY Steelcase's user-centered design approach revealed that workers are more mobile than ever and many no longer need to own their own desk or private office. Researchers were also surprised to learn that some of those workers might spend up to 30 minutes a day searching for space to collaborate. RoomWizard solved that problem with an integrated system that works with a variety of calendar software in real time. When workers find an open space, they can reserve it and can get to work right away. The success of this roomscheduling technology was immediately apparent.







This ingrained habit of design thinking led the to rise. Meanwhile, we've learned about new materials, Steelcase team to start asking, "Could Think be even new molding technologies, new performance better?" soon after this distinctive Steelcase seating capabilities. We've gained eight more years of product, designed in collaboration with Oliver Loew, experience, and we've become more innovative as a was launched in 2004.

Think was quickly lauded as an exciting, breakthrough Because design thinking begins and ends with

"IT'S MORE REFINED AND ELEGANT. WE'VE TAKEN ALL THAT But, as designers who don't and framing the improvement opportunities ahead. INNOVATION, ALL stop designing, the Steelcase THAT INTELLIGENCE, Design Studio team continued AND MADE IT to think about ways to improve SOMETHING BETTER." engineering and marketing teams

early on in a collaborative approach that's typical for Steelcase recently unveiled the result of this extensive the Steelcase product development process.

"Time passes, and our sense of what is relevant, meaningful and appropriate shifts," Smith explains. "A lot has changed since 2004. Workers are more mobile, Think is now being used in a range of settings, and customer expectations for office furniture continue

company. All of this creates tremendous opportunities."

innovation. It became Steelcase's most globally understanding users, feedback from the hundreds successful product and, as the first Cradle-to-Cradle of thousands of Think users throughout the world certified product on the planet, it provided valuable insights. They delivered stories back created a higher sustainability to the design team about what they loved as well as standard across industries. what they thought could be tweaked, thereby defining

> Then, about two years ago the team began in earnest to generate ideas, analyze possibilities and move into rapid prototyping to test concepts of a new design upon its success, engaging the for Think, working again in collaboration with Loew.

> > redesign effort: a new, improved Think. In many ways, it still has the familiar Think look, but the only parts exempt from the redesign were the casters. The 2004 Think has been completely repackaged as a higherperforming, sleeker and smarter chair.





entire back is just three parts—a frame, linked flexors and more tapered, and the arm design is more robust. and a dual-energy lumbar—that work together in a
The new Think has even fewer parts for faster disasvery intelligent system of ergonomic support.

"We've coordinated the relationships to bring sup- for sustainability, its improved durability, versatility port where needed and freedom when needed," and timeless appeal point to a longer life in a varisays Smith. "It's a unique solution that expresses its ety of office settings, from individual workstations capability with character."

Another noteworthy performance improvement is an advanced weight-activated mechanism that means "I think of the 2004 Think as a teenager, full of great better support for reclining, and the seat cushion has capability and promise in its own right," Smith says. been redesigned with adaptive bolstering for better "Now the teenager is a grownup, more refined and comfort.

Probably the most visibly noticeable change is the Many other improvements are smaller, but no less back. Instead of 20 independent flexors, the new significant. For example, stainless steel accents add Think has 15 uniquely shaped flexors that are linked sophistication, and adjustments are more integrated together, part of its new Integrated Liveback® System and easier than ever to use. The back and seat edges designed to conform to users like never before. The are more comfortable, the backrest is slightly taller

> sembly and easier recycling. Even more important to group settings such as conferencing areas and training rooms.

> elegant. We've taken all that innovation, all that intelligence, and made it something even better."

> Seeing its relaunch as a rite of passage, the Steelcase team seems almost ready to stop redesigning Thinkat least for now. •

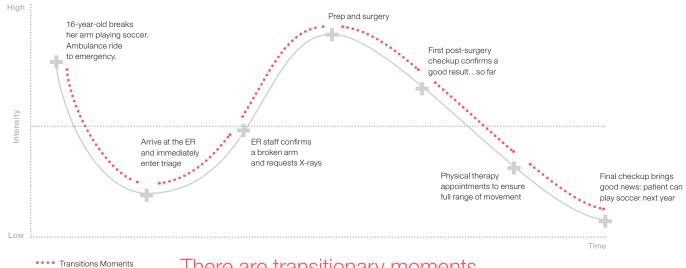
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One Patient's Journey

Key Moments

Key Moments



There are transitionary moments between key touch points in a patient's journey. Steelcase research identified opportunities where space could create a better experience through a more meaningful use of time.



The researchers saw this waiting happen repeatedly in spaces that offered little more than rows of armchairs squeezed into tight and dehumanizing formations.

They saw patients and their families awaiting critical information, anxious because they were in locations that were out of the sightline of the caregiver.

They saw people unable to perform focused activities or access medical information, and little or no emphasis on privacy, making technology accessibile or providing comfort. And they saw no opportunity for people to connect with family members and caregivers in a private and respectful manner.

More often than not, patients and loved ones were placed in a holding pattern while they waited. In essence, time stood still. No thought or insight was given to how people might potentially spend their valuable time. The result was, and continues to be, a frustrating experience for the patient, and a lost opportunity for the provider.

"The fault lies in the fact that these transitional spaces, commonly called waiting areas, are geared towards a bygone era," explains Rob Heitmeier, general manager, Nurture. "Smart phones, tablets and other emerging platforms allow people to do more things, from more places than ever before, and this has shifted user behavior significantly. Our expectation is that we can be productive and engaged from anywhere."

Because of these rapidly evolving technologies, our daily experiences are no longer tethered by time and space. Yet countless healthcare organizations seem unaware of how space, technology and information can converge to create new user opportunities. They are unaware of how the very space they occupy can enable people to get the most out of every minute they spend there. They are unaware that their space can make every moment meaningful.







of time, healthcare spaces should support the need for privacy, comfort and emotional wellbeing

SO HOW DO YOU MAKE EVERY MOMENT COUNT?

The key lies in understanding user behavior—the patterns of behavior from which insight-inspired design can emerge. The patterns the Nurture team uncovered led them to think about the transitional spaces in a healthcare facility in a new and more These insights served as building blocks for Regard™, thoughtful way.

The team observed that whether it's for five minutes or five hours, people of all sizes and physical conditions naturally seek comfort. It was also clear that people want choice and control over where and how they spend their time.

From a spatial perspective, this can be solved by providing multiple settings within a given space: offering areas for consulting with a physician, areas for watching instructional videos, areas for perching while awaiting key information, and areas for relaxing or even sleeping.

They observed very practical concerns, such as the need for a place for personal belongings in clear view and within easy reach. As well, everyone was looking for ways to connect—to other people and to technology. Another important observation—spaces were not flexible enough to accommodate family

for people—spaces that provided enough privacy to than the space. share information comfortably and stress-free, but not so that individuals felt isolated.

Services (CMS), "Patients and their families are equally applicable to education and corporate essential partners in the effort to improve the environments. Any organization eager to reclaim quality and safety of care. Their participation as dormant real estate such as hallways, libraries and active members of their own healthcare team is third spaces into connective hubs where groups can an essential component of making care safer and gather and collaborate can apply Regard to turn these reducing admissions."

longer soley confined to clinical spaces."

It was with all of these dynamics in mind-comfort, posture, sightlines, privacy and connection with both It's time to make every moment count. •

technology and people—that the Nurture research team embraced the challenge of how to design for spaces that make the transitional moments of patients ones that engage them and do not waste

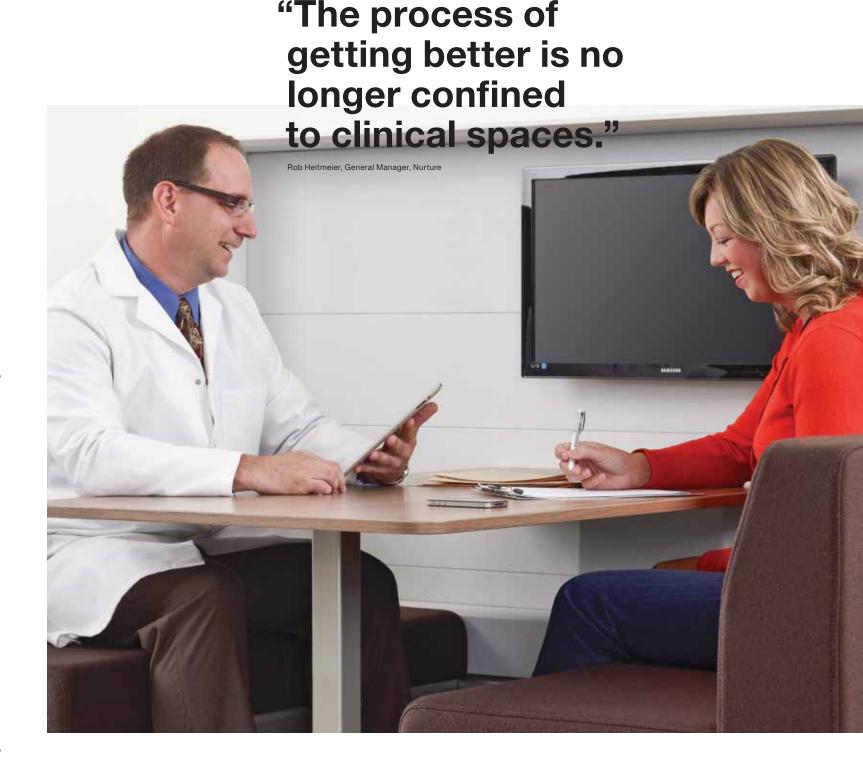
a solution that gives people greater control over their transitional experiences. Spaces equipped with Regard provide patients, loved ones and practitioners with the ability to engage privately and comfortably and it allows for easier check-ins. Integrated education based media settings promote self-learning.

"It's exciting to think about common spaces in ways that go beyond aesthetics," says Alan Rheault, director of industrial design for Nurture. Ultimately we're looking to solve for a broad array of experiences that have the potential to happen within these areas."

With Regard, the transitions people experience can be restorative, calming or productive. Gone are the rows of armchairs that discourage privacy and communication. In their place are areas that allow people to connect, relax and absorb information. For those wanting to connect electronically, outlets are situated beside both seats and surfaces, and essential in all of these scenarios is the idea of It was also clear that privacy was a major concern choice—that the user dictates the experience rather

While research and insights behind it resulted from a deep understanding of healthcare environments According to the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid and conditions, the solutions Regard offers are transitional spaces into meaningful places.

"We're finding that connections with other people, "For us, it goes back to giving people the respect they information and technology also plays a role," says deserve, whether it be in healthcare, education or Heitmeier. "And the process of getting better is no business," says Rheault. "There will always be those moments of transition and we recognized the need to find ways to make those moments more fulfilling."



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Inspiration. Every day.

Shujan Bertrand, a researcher and designer at In 2010, to find out how work nomads were handling Coalesse, knew she was onto something when work at home and peek behind the curtain, Coalesse dozens of micro-blogging entries began flooding in did something unusual: it followed people into their from bedrooms, kitchens, cars, offices, hotels, airport homes. Emily Ulrich, Coalesse's senior researcher lounges, co-working cafés, coffee shops, subway at that time, conducted observational research in trains, sidewalks and waiting rooms. The participants the homes, offices, and other places the New York in her study wanted to tell her what it's really like to City and San Francisco Bay area study participants be a nomadic worker.

others private. Headphones included. Food + report titled "Untethered" [see 360 Magazine, people + content = the right creative equation."

"Very typical 'office' day. Sitting at 'my' spot at our non-assigned bench in San Francisco. Prepping for my Asia trip-heading to Tokyo on Friday. Network is spotty... May head to Starbucks if this doesn't improve!"

"Needed to step away to get some work done.. need for a change of scenery... gloomy day and our space isn't the most inspiring."

knowledge workers to track their workdays using the in a lonely way, unsupported ergonomically or Tumblr micro-blogging app. The blog entries were emotionally, working long hours on mobile devices private, candid and loaded with insights. For a week, at dining tables, on couches, and, in more than a few the participants issued a stream of consciousness. cases, in bed late at night. According to International Some were calling on clients. Some were on business Data Corporation (IDC) there are now 1.2 billion trips. Others were at home trying to juggle kids and mobile workers worldwide. In the United States, work. Everyone was looking closely at how they deal says IDC, almost 120 million workers are mobile, with the day-to-day balancing act of distributed work. representing 75.5% of the total workforce. (Japan

The Question is: WHY?

"We all know that technology is rapidly changing for mobile workers as technology has continued "Coalesse wants to support these mobile workers mobile workers has become more complex. Most about their needs."

"Social breakfast in the cafe. Some like it public, What Ulrich confirmed and reported in a Coalesse Issue 62] was that mobile technologies have indeed untethered work from desks and offices. Time-pressed knowledge workers are working anywhere they choose. And because availability and responsiveness are so important in business, a backand-forth toggling between life and work happens constantly for many people.

Home Alone

As part of an innovative, on-the-ground research Naturally, toggling comes with stresses. The people is next with almost 50 million mobile workers; 74.5% of its workforce).

Since 2010, things have only become more intense the way many people live and work," says Bertrand. to advance and designing spaces that support with inspiring product experiences. We believe the people are connected throughout the day to multiple only way to accomplish this is to capture insights clouds through smartphones, tablets, and laptops. And because networking and social media options have expanded so dramatically, so too has the time commitment to manage them.

"We are looking for behavior patterns that suggest new platform typologies for product development-to turn real needs into needed solutions."



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Messages from the Edge

Insights from the volunteers tumbled in for a week:

I worked

spaces."

in four different

Mobile Isn't Mainstream

Yet two stark contradictions remain. Mobile work outside the office is still not a mainstream consideration. needs of mobile workers with the technology trends targets is not. that are driving changes in the workplace.

a San Francisco-based alternative officing' firm that has designed spaces for Facebook and Evernote among many others, "There's a real need to grasp the needs of the 'other workplace'—the transitory spaces, the hallways, the break areas, the landscape outside the building, the coffee shop down the street. People can work anywhere these days so there are many opportunities to capture that work or to create that interesting space. But not enough people are thinking about it."

Coalesse has been giving it a lot of thought. Bob furniture designer, a senior design director at a Arko, the company's creative director, says there is a vacuum to fill. "Architects and designers are not typically commissioned to do this kind of research and they rely on the major manufacturers for a more comprehensive perspective on workplace trends. At Coalesse, we are extending our own research focus beyond the traditional work environment and attempting to understand work behaviors in the context of people's broader lives, including most recently the increasingly nomadic nature of work."

Crossing Over

For Coalesse exploring nomadic work habits is like crossing a boundary. In fact, the term "crossover" has become a foundational concept. It suggests products and solutions that are location-agnostic, serving the multiple needs of nomadic workers wherever they choose to be.

Exploring those needs, says Bertrand, is how you seed great design. "We are looking for behavior patterns that suggest new platform typologies for product development—to turn real needs into needed

Bertrand began her research with interviews, talking extensively about nomadic work with Google, Oracle, Facebook, Square, Accenture, IDEO, Studio O+A. Worktech, International Contemporary Furniture Fair (ICFF) and the Institute of Design at Stanford, as well as co-working pioneers The Hub, The Grind, WeWork and NextSpace.

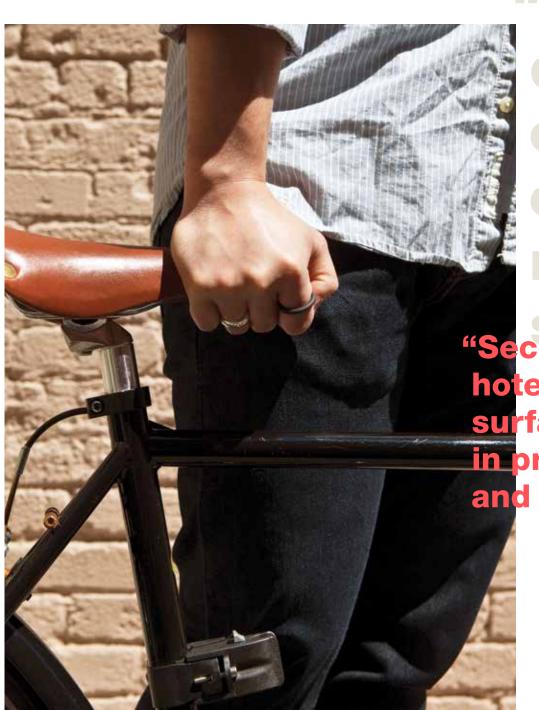
Pinning Down the Nomads

The hard part of nomadic research is, of course, pinning down the nomads. Observing people in And research is scarce on connecting the habits and offices is fairly straightforward. Watching moving

Therein lies the necessity for a micro-blogging According to Primo Orpilla, a principal of Studio O+A, methodology. The Tumblr smartphone app is an easy way to blog in short bursts from your phone and upload pictures or video clips in seconds. Having creative people watch themselves, photograph their surroundings, and comment candidly on their situations offers fascinating gems of insight.

> Among Bertrand's bloggers were: a senior manager in workplace transformation with Accenture, a product design consultant, a graphic designer, an associate partner at IDEO, a global client liaison at Steelcase, a product marketer, an independent communications agency, a sales consultant and an illustrator. They were a mix of global travellers, local commuters, and home-based workers. Bertrand describes them as "creative knowledge workers." More senior. More distributed. More on-demand.

> The goal was to track their work habits as they moved throughout their days. Bertrand wanted to find out, "Where and how work was being done in first, second, and third places? Tracking pain and pleasure points throughout days, nights, weekends, and during travel. How do individuals transition between personal, collaborative and social work? What do they need and desire to work anywhere, anytime? What behaviors create new questions and insights?"



"Working on the dinner table can be quite challenging and needs constant "Yesterday

"Second bed in hotel serves as work surface, work

in process suitcase,

and dresser top"
Not having a particular working space is more time consuming..."

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Noticing the Commonplace

Many of the bloggers found the methodical process of pausing, observing and describing their surroundings or habits put them in tune with compromises and discomforts they normally overlooked.

"Following the chronology of it," says one nomadic sales professional who participated in the study, "you really start to be aware of the technology limitations. One obvious opportunity is to create 'the right product to support the hardware interface."

Abby Levine, a senior manager in the Accenture Real Estate Solutions Practice, travels relentlessly (more than 200,000 miles a year). "The world doesn't generally accommodate mobile working, even at places that say they do, like Starbucks. Give me a place where I can get online, where I don't have to scramble around trying to figure out where I can plug in," she says.

Another participant, a home-based designer and artist who regularly visits clients' offices, noticed that the vibe of different office environments affects how she feels about working there. "I began noticing how important it is for me to feel inspired. It affects the quality of my workday. At home I can create that inspiration, and you find it in the more creative office environments, but other spaces can feel almost depressing, physically and socially."

After the digital dust settled, Bertrand distilled her interviews and blogging streams into a map of patterns. She produced a comprehensive report titled, "Nomadic Work Landscape Design Research" that spans 111 pages in a detailed slide deck.

Did anything surprise her?

"It was validating and extended Emily's 'live/work' research of two years ago. By combining what we know about today's nomadic work behaviors and emerging technology trends we will begin to identify how we can create new work experiences. We see the opportunity to innovate in the gaps between how difficult conditions are for nomadic workers and how much easier it could be."

"The imperative," says Bertrand, "is to create new experiences and bring inspiration into people's lives. It starts by making their lives easier. The slightest gesture in hosting goes a long way for a nomad."

Three formal product-development approaches have emerged from the Coalesse research: Inspiring Destinations, Optimizing Mobility and Cultivating the Senses.



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Inspiring Destinations; Improving Touch-Down

The bottom-line question when it comes to accommodating nomads, says Bertrand, is, "How do we host what you might call 'high-quality, touch-down experiences'? How do you create that sense of, 'Wow. This is a place I'm going to come back to."

Coalesse has uncovered a number of important considerations. They include the creation of dynamic, configurable spaces, "self-assembly" options and choices that provide a variety of work experiences like open and social spaces for extroverted people and collaborative work, or closed and private spaces for more introverted people and private work. In fact, because of the intensity of digital work and the desire for greater personal interaction and more effective virtual interaction between work teams these days, organizations are creating a "vibe" and fostering inspiring cultures that turn into great work experiences. For example, for heads-down private work, it might be an alcove or or a lounge chair with a canopy. For collaboration, perhaps a setting of cushioned chairs and low tables with nearby power receptacles.

This year, Coalesse introduced a new product line—Lagunitas—that exemplifies the high-quality, touch-down experience. A configurable sectional series from Milan-based designer Toan Nguyen, it can be customized for collaborative work, socializing or personal work. Lagunitas evokes a "third-place" vibe in the style of a coffee shop booth or café seating with built-in power.





Lagunitas is a space defining lounge and table collection that can create a 'third place' anywhere.

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Optimizing Mobility: **Hosting Tools Too**

"Optimizing mobility," says Bertrand, "is the platform Anticipation, Bertrand believes, should be the frame power outlet (access to power and data seem to be leave. Augment the flow. the top concerns of nomadic workers). It might be
An example from Coalesse, introduced last year, is

with digital docking postures. This is where your bag can disappear when it's time to relax. can be safe."

Her strategies for optimizing mobility include offering ways to quickly personalize a space; temporary storage; shared collaboration tools like whiteboards and Post-It-friendly walls; and accommodating postures, both of mobile workers (relaxed or perched over a keyboard) and of their tools (varying heights and angles). Overall, the strategy is to offer options by having the right selection of products available for productive mobility, wherever people choose to work.



and foldable worksurface for mobile devices.

where we really start to see interaction between of mind for designing inviting spaces for nomads. product and human behaviors... 'Temporality' is Start by admitting that mobile workers are showing important. People want to feel like they temporarily up and deserve accommodation. Then imagine their own a space." It might be as simple as a dock or stand transitions and requirements. Make it easier and less to put your digital tool near a conveniently placed time-consuming for them to touch down, work and

a product that has "curated touch-down qualities".

Free Stand, a portable and foldable laptop or tablet "For example," says Bertrand, "there are not many office stand that offers a quick, easy place to work. What chairs or side tables or lounge settings that say, 'This makes Free Stand distinct from similar products is is where your tools can temporarily be supported its ability to collapse in seconds, so work at home







Cultivating the Senses: Physical & Emotional Comfort

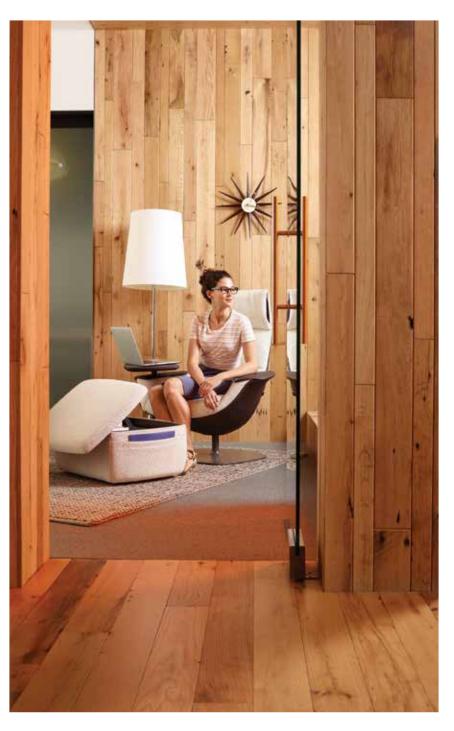
Bertrand says workspaces and work experiences for nomads are better when they please the senses. A recurrent observation that runs through her research is discomfort brought on by relentless compromises in physical posture due to screens and information overload.

Her suggestions include: a "pallete of digital postures," the right lighting and acoustic qualities for video communication, utilization of outdoor spaces, and generally what Bertrand refers to as a "sensorial orchestration of products that inspire and motivate creativity and innovation."

Comfortable productivity is expressed in the recently introduced Massaud Work Lounge for Coalesse by designer Jean-Marie Massaud. A wide, embracing swivel lounge inspired by a first-class airline seat, it is paired with an ottoman that opens for storage. The distinctive work-related features of the Work Lounge are a pivoting tablet arm that integrates with the chair and a privacy canopy.



Massaud Work Lounge with height adjustable pivoting tablet and storage ottoman.



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Creating at the Intersection

needs cross over—in the hope of devising life-easing needs to be addressed." solutions.

about mobility fit in the larger world of workplace vibe. These days, some people work in those spaces furniture and space design?

Arko says it's a slow dawning. "A fairly conventional vision of the office workplace still dominates for many organizations," he says. "Our job is to look at the changing behaviors and inspire new approaches that can serve these evolving needs."

Adapting to the Future

Arko calls Bertrand's research report a "lens" to Orpilla points to the hospitality industry where mobile fresh insights and opportunities. His team has workers are a major customer segment. He says there begun an exercise they are informally calling "Digital" are now hotel lobbies with free Wi-Fi and comfortable Postures," examining the most evident intersections workstations close to food and drink. "Hotels are of Bertrand's three themes—where multiple nomadic beginning to understand that part of their business

"Our corporate projects tend to resemble hospitality But where does this research and these insights with the lobby vibe or the restaurant vibe or the coffee more than they work at their desk," says Orpilla. Historically, Orpilla has seldom worked outside of Silicon Valley. "Now, we're getting inquiries from the Midwest," says Orpilla. "People see these really cool incubators that produce these rock star tech types who after a couple of years strike it rich. We've created some of those incubators for the best and the brightest. There's starting to be interest across the country in how to duplicate that."

> Bertrand has no doubt about the opportunities that lay ahead. "If you look in Silicon Valley, you see how people are creating and playing with new technology, how it supports them at work and at home, how it enables people to be free to work where and when they want. It's hard not to see that as the future." •



coalesse*

The Massaud Collectionby Jean-Marie Massaud

Part Chair. Part table. For Privacy. Or gathering. If work can go anywhere you want, comfort should be there too. Relax. Get things done. All in a beautiful place.

HOW TECHNOLOGY CHANGING DUCATION

When a Stanford University professor offered a free online course in artificial intelligence in 2011, he had no idea that the experiment would attract 160,000 students from 190 countries and generate a wave of publicity.

That's one of many examples of how technology is tablets and other mobile devices. Many primary reshaping education around the world. From the schools now provide every student with a laptop or rapid proliferation of massive open online courses, or tablet. At colleges and universities, many undergrads MOOCs, to the widespread use of mobile devices that now own tablets as well as laptops. Always interested support a variety of "blended learning" models (part in the advantages of portability, a growing number online, part bricks-and-mortar based), technology is are also now asking for content delivered to their creating new challenges and many new opportunities smart phones. for educational institutions of all types, from early

As recently as a few years ago, mobile devices education to universities.

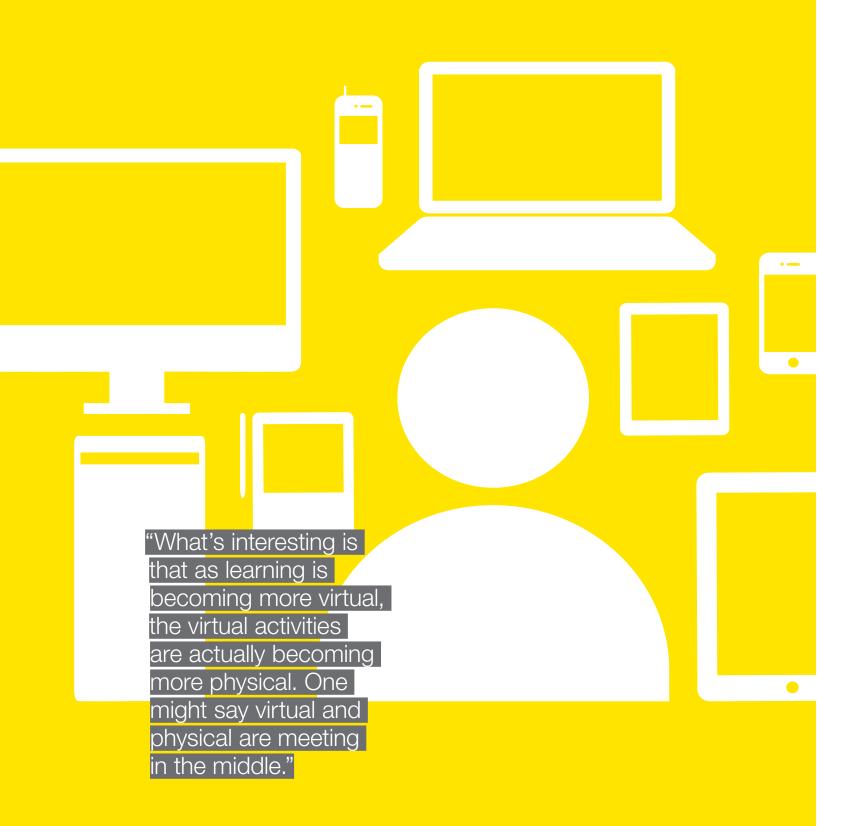
experience, we believe it will be important to also transparencies for overhead projectors, books, paper reshape educational spaces to support this evolution," and pens. Today, however, these technologies are says Andrew Kim, a Steelcase WorkSpace Futures beginning to transform how instruction and learning researcher and a member of the Steelcase Education actually take place. Solutions team that has been investigating the spatial implications of learning and technology. So far, the study has involved observing and interviewing students and teachers at 20 schools.

Among the fastest-growing and irreversible trends with software that supports multiuser collaboration

were used almost exclusively as only a souped-" . As educators begin to rethink the learning up substitute for conventional tools like handouts,

Teachers are using technology to replace old models of standardized, rote learning and creating more personalized, self-directed experiences for their students. There's more multi-device synchronization at all levels of education: increasing use of laptops, and more support for virtual conversations, both within and beyond a classroom. And more students and teachers are creating their own digital content, including animations and videos.

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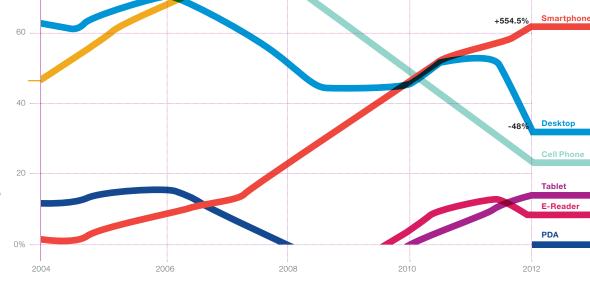


Andrew Kim. Steelcase WorkSpace Futures



Percentage Students

Educause Center for Applied Research



Much of the information that only teachers possessed of learning spaces that support varying individual problem-solving, communication and collaboration exactly the type of higher-order skills that leading education specialists say should be the goals of education for today's world.

need to have spaces that support more creative or digital tools. generative activities. This means more mobility inside and outside of classrooms, as well as new kinds

in the past is now available to students online, chal- activities and rates of learning. Providing a palette lenging the old model of teachers presenting content of place, posture and presence—i.e., virtual as well and students absorbing it. As a result, educators are as face-to-face interactions—is as important in now leveraging technology to create a different role educational spaces as it is in workplaces, for many for themselves in their classrooms. Instead of using of the same reasons. In fact, schools are beginning class time to spoon-feed information, technology is to leapfrog corporations in the use of mobile devices helping them use their time with students to advance and many are facing the related challenges head on."

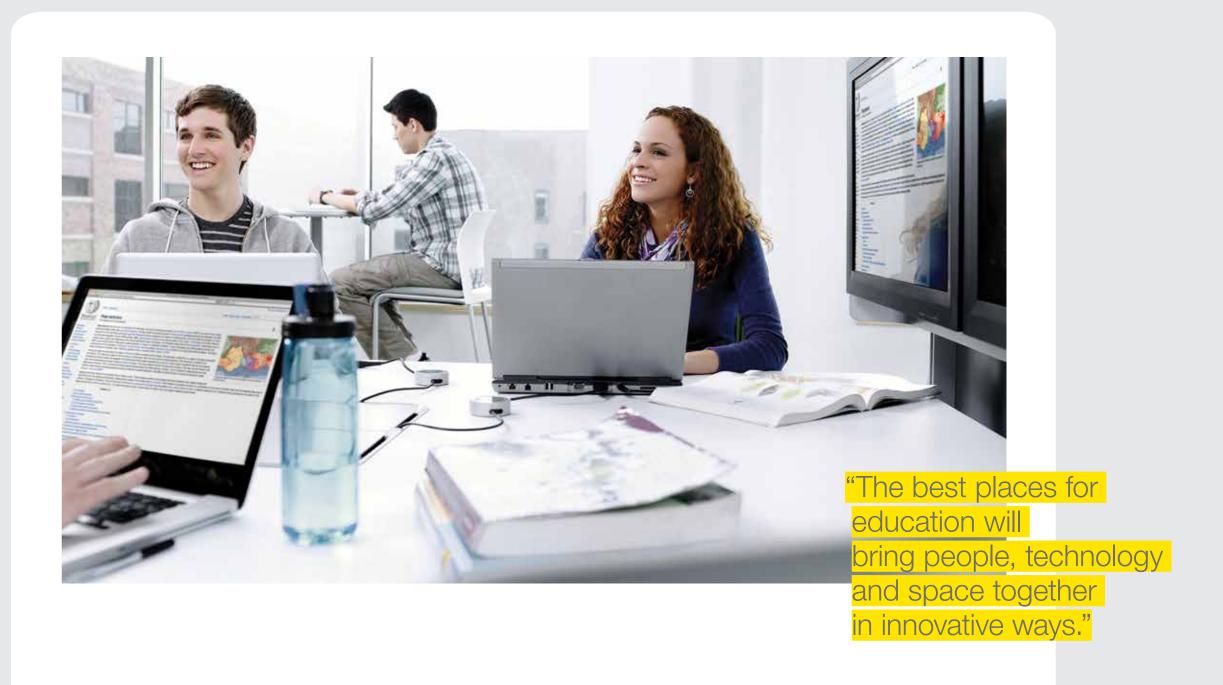
As the tsunami of technology trends washes over education, some things have managed to stay the same. For example, students and teachers haven't abandoned analog materials—and aren't expected "More and more, classrooms are becoming places to anytime soon. They continue to use whiteboards, where knowledge is created versus consumed by paper and notebooks to capture and visualize students," says Kim. "As students start to have more thought processes, and will continue to need spaces control over what they use to help them learn, you designed to support the parallel use of analog and

BLENDING WORLDS

Within all levels of education, learning is now occurring both remotely and onsite through blended learning programs that combine online and face-to-face interaction. Just one of many examples is the flipped classroom model in which students access content online outside the classroom as their homework and then apply this new knowledge in the classroom by engaging in active learning practices, such as discussion or group work.

Blended learning can cut costs, which makes it popular in today's challenging economy. There are also early signals from several studies that suggest giving students more control over how they access information can be more effective than all face-to-face or all virtual learning.

"What's interesting is that as learning is becoming more virtual, the virtual activities are actually becoming more physical. You might say the virtual and the physical are meeting in the middle," says Kim. "In many instances, you have different subjects happening all in one room, and multiple teachers acting as tutors and motivators to give directed support. It's shoulder-to-shoulder, even closer than face-to-face."



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ONLINE LEARNING IS HERE TO STAY

Technology inclusion in lesson delivery is becoming the norm





of students in the U.S. have

taken online classes

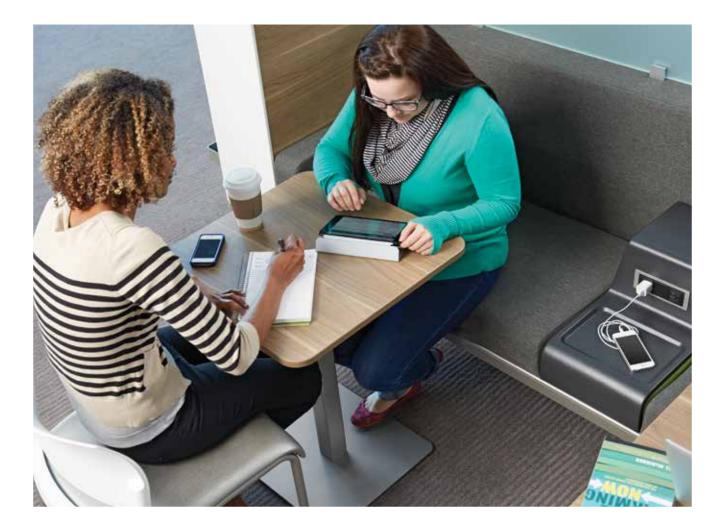
open online course (MOOC) offered by Stanford in 2011. Source: Inside Higher Ed, 2012

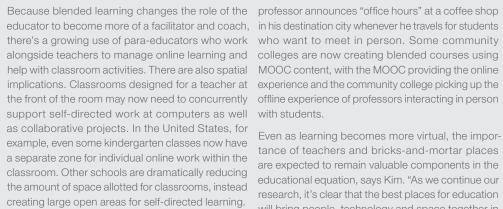




secondary school teachers in France believe that in the past two years they have been using more technology in the classroom than ever before.







Colleges and universities, while embracing various innovative ways. If you think of classrooms as places forms of online learning, are also looking for ways where knowledge gets created instead of consumed, to build student-teacher engagement and monitor they have similarities to innovation studios where performance. With MOOCs, in particular, approaches flexibility is built in and it's easy to switch between are still experimental. Despite online discussion individual work and collaboration. More than ever, forums, many students still seek face time with their we're seeing the need for classrooms to become highly professors and each other. The MOOC platforms are flexible spaces that support the new behaviors of meeting this need by making it easier for students learning that are the direct result of new technologies." to meet through online social networking portals,

As rapid development occurs in previously grouped by geographical proximity.

engender social learning as well as cognitive learning, education is becoming even more valuable and valued and so the search for adding physicality to cyber throughout the world, and the quest continues schooling continues. For example, one MOOC to refine both its processes and the places where

Even as learning becomes more virtual, the imporeducational equation, says Kim. "As we continue our research, it's clear that the best places for education creating large open areas for self-directed learning.

will bring people, technology and space together in

underdeveloped nations and new technologies impact Teachers have always been very aware that schools the way that knowledge is transferred and embodied, it occurs.

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A New Learning Curve

Ideas on planning and designing learning spaces from Lennie Scott-Webber, Ph.D., Director of Education Environments for Steelcase Education Solutions

Learning By Doing

It's really not a new idea. As long ago as 1916, leading implications of active learning and these new tools. educational reformer John Dewey referred to interaction as the defining component of education that occurs when students transform information into knowledge with personal application and value.

widely-quoted educator and author A. W. (Tony) Bates says that interactivity should be the primary criteria for selecting media for educational delivery. behaviors of active learning. Professor Terry Anderson, the keynote speaker at the 2012 Next Generation Learning Conference, contends that deep and meaningful learning can be developed if at least one form of interaction is at very high levels: student-teacher, student-student, student-content. Steelcase believes you need to add student-environment to this model.

even defining education has long been recognized. development can come together, develop a road map, At Steelcase Education Solutions we use the term "active learning", and we're continuing the journey of discovery by studying this engagement factor from moving tortoise will not win this race. a variety of perspectives.

embedded into pedagogy as a critical teaching and it's important to look at the picture holistically, design learning strategy. Active educators are working hard for behaviors and be ready for change. • to generate active learning all over the world.

But there is a problem. Often, the classroom environment is a barrier. When pedagogy moves from a passive-learning format, "sit and get," to an active one, the design of the space in a row-by-column seating arrangement, packed as tightly as possible, doesn't support the need or the intent. It takes more square feet or meters per-person to move. To move from a transmission of knowledge model to include immersive interactivity and engagement, space matters more than ever before.

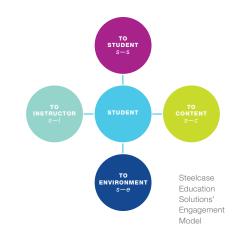
Beyond the need to interact with their teachers and each other, today's learners need to interact with tools, especially those that Professor Anderson describes as "net centric." The research we're doing at Steelcase is delving deeply into the spatial

And a paradigm shift is emerging. We believe it is the first wave of educational change.

Within Steelcase Education Solutions, we view learning as an ecosystem where space, technology and peda-Fast-forward to today's world: Award-winning and gogy converge. In the convergence is active learning. Technology and space are tools that should be specifically developed to support the pedagogy and user

Each institution is different. The march for change is different. With that said, it is appropriate—indeed, we believe vital—for each institution to put a stake in the ground and say, "Here is where we are on this journey of change, and in five years here is where we want to be in terms of active learning." Armed with a vision for the near future, constituents from informa-Clearly the critical role of interaction in supporting and tion technology, facilities and academic professional and chart incremental change with tangible tasks and assigned ownership for completion. The slow-

We truly learn by doing. Engagement is about learn-Interaction/engagement/active learning is becoming ing. not just a transfer of knowledge, Going forward.





Whether as a designer, instructor or administrator, I've spent years researching educational environ count. My passion, and my job, is helping people understand the behaviors that come from different environments, and creating classrooms that truly support new ways of teaching and learning. Email your ideas and questions to Iscottwe@steelcase com or on twitter to Lennie_SW@ twitter.com.







Learning spaces reimagined.

At Steelcase Education Solutions, we set out to do far more than simply update the classroom. Our goal was to rethink. Reinvent. Re-envision learning spaces. So we spent some time in them-hundreds of them. Listening. Observing. Talking to the people who know them best. We immersed ourselves in the way information is presented, absorbed and processed. How seats are arranged and technology is implemented. How communication and collaboration work. All so we can make learning more engaging, more empowering, more inspiring. For today, and years of tomorrows.

www.steelcase.com/educationsolutions















More than 66 million. That's the estimated num- "When you educate a girl, she becomes a mother ber of girls in today's world who don't go to school. who's more likely to immunize her children, to avoid And yet, there's overwhelming evidence that edu- contracting HIV/AIDS, to marry later, to have fewer cating a girl can break cycles of poverty in just one children, to have children later so she doesn't fall into generation and create a wide ripple of positive change, the challenges of young delivery.... When a girl stays says a group of award-winning journalists at the in school for four more years, her income grows by Documentary Group and Vulcan Productions. Last 20%. And she's more likely than a man to reinvest year, in partnership with Intel, they launched 10x10, her income in her family...so down the line you see a global campaign to educate and empower girls.

Removing barriers to girls' education—such as early and forced marriage, domestic slavery, sex trafficking, gender violence and discrimination, lack of access to healthcare, school fees—means not only a better life for girls, but a safer, healthier, more prosperous and more sustainable world for all, says Holly Gordon, the Rather than relying on conventional methods to tell the executive director and executive producer of 10x10. story, the 10x10 team devised an innovative strategy Gordon's earlier career included 12 years at ABC centered on social media, the Web and, as its center-News as a producer and booker for the major news piece, a feature film. To meet the challenges of finding a broadcasts "World News Tonight with Peter Jennings," critical-mass audience, they decided to self-distribute "Good Morning America," "20/20" and "Primetime" as the film through a unique method of on-demand

"It's not about educating girls because they're better than boys," she explains, "it's just about what happens when you educate a girl. And it just so happens that girls are behind in almost every developing country in the world today."

More than anything, facts drove her involvement in 10x10, Gordon says. "Once I heard the data and decided to dig into the research behind the premise that educating girls can change the world, it seemed like a 'duh' moment: Why aren't we doing this on a scale because the outcome is so significant?

growth in GDP. Educating girls is good for economic prosperity. And then on the civil society and stability side of it, research has found in countries where women have an equal voice in public society, the societies are more stable...So that's a ramification for world peace."

well as a stint with New York's Tribeca Film Festival. crowdsourcing, putting the power to screen their movie in the hands of anyone who wanted to bring it to their community. As Gordon describes it, "it's a really interesting experiment around journalism for social change."

> "As a journalist, the old recipe for success was to get your story on the front page of The New York Times and everything will change after that," she says. "That's no longer true. The New York Times is a great place to be, but you're not going to change the world with just one story on the front page of one newspaper. You need ubiquity, and in the old days you wanted exclusivity. So how could we use the process of making this film to create a ubiquitous conversation about the value of girls?"

More than 66 million. That is the estimated number of girls who do not go to school.





Showing at a theater near you?

The film "Girl Rising" premiered in March 2013. Directed by Academy Award nominee Richard E. Robbins, it tells the stories of nine unforgettable girls born into unforgiving circumstances. Like Sokha, an orphan who rises from a life in the garbage dump in Phnom Penh, Cambodia to become a star student and an accomplished dancer. Like Suma, who writes songs that helped her endure forced servitude in Nepal and today crusades to free others. Like Ruksana, an Indian "pavement-dweller" whose father sacrifices his own basic needs for his daughter's dreams.

Each girl is paired with a renowned writer from her native country, and celebrated actresses such as Anne Hathaway and Meryl Streep narrate their stories.

Using a website, Gathr.us, anyone can take action to bring "Girl Rising" to a screening venue nearby. Simply register, request a theater location, date and time, and then use the toolkit 10x10 has created to invite people you know. Once enough people have reserved tickets, the screening is confirmed.

Knowing that just changing minds with "Girl Rising" wasn't enough, 10x10 created the Fund for Girls' Education. Donations are directed to nonprofit partners: A New Day Cambodia, CARE, Partners in Health, Plan International USA, Room to Read, United Nations Foundation/Girl Up, and World Vision, all leading organizations with proven track records of providing life-saving services to girls.

To date, there has been a groundswell of interest and support for "Girl Rising" with about 1,800 requests for screenings and 70,000 tickets sold. Regal Cinemas signed up for an exclusive, weeklong run in its 169 theaters nationwide this past April. It will play to its largest potential audience ever when CNN Films broadcasts it on June 16. Looking ahead, 10x10 is now planning for distribution beyond the United States.

SEE THE MOVIE

Using the website Gathr.us, anyone can take action to bring "Girl Rising" to a screening venue nearby. Simply register, request a theater location, date and time, and then use the toolkit 10x10 has created to invite people you know. Once enough people have reserved tickets, the screening will be confirmed.

"I gave at the office."

Businesses have been an important audience for 10x10, through financial support and opening up workplace channels for promoting the film. Advertisements for "Girl Rising" and the opportunity to donate to the fund are shown on employees' computers at approximately 60 leading corporations.

"I think businesses have a huge role to play in social change and in positive outcomes in the world..." says Gordon. "Especially in the developing world, businesses have a really important place in terms of leverage and clout because they create revenue and employment, and those things pay for infrastructure.... Businesses fuel society and because of that they have influence and connectivity that sometimes a nonprofit organization alone doesn't have. And, in the case of a company like Steelcase, they have international reach. So it's yet another way to reach across borders and to share understanding."

Going for the widest possible distribution is all in support of the cause that Gordon says is "the highest returning investment you can make in the developing world today." Educating girls creates a more sustainable world in terms of health, economic and social stability, she emphasizes. What's more, educated women are also good for the environment. For example, they're more likely to use clean-burning fuels and produce less waste.

"The first action that anyone can take after they read this article is to see the film, to meet the girls to get a better understanding of the impact that girls' education has on society," she urges. "And then to choose what to do with that information."

Learn more about 10x10 and "Girl Rising," including how to schedule a screening, at 10x10act.org/



Sustainability Spotlight

Promises Made, Promises Kept, New Promises:

Corporate Sustainability Report Tracks Progress, Shares Vision

In an increasingly interconnected world, there's growing awareness Looking forward, the company that protecting natural resources and enhancing people's lives is core to the future of the human race as well as a company's ability to survive and thrive in a changing, challenging world.

"Steelcase was founded on the belief that business is a human enterprise—and, as a part of that, a company devoted to sustainable "We also plan to expand our sustainability practice and reporting business practices," says Jim Hackett, CEO. "There are many capabilities to capture metrics for additional areas and refine existing opportunities that offer a time for a company to reflect, recharge metrics for global accuracy," says Angela Nahikian, director of and refocus. We took the opportunity of our 100th anniversary to Global Environmental Sustainability. "We are taking an intentional do just that—to reflect on our sustainability accomplishments and step forward, working to elevate sustainability as a lens for dream big about the future.'

corporate sustainability report ever. Steelcase is one of only 40% in the report, the company acknowledges that helping customers of the companies globally that voluntarily reports its environmental achieve their sustainability goals is one of the greatest opportunities and social impacts every year. Titled, "+Promise," Steelcase's for delivering large-scale value and impact. report documents the company's global environmental and social practices throughout the world in the context of promises made to customers, partners, communities, employees and the environment. It also documents the new promises the company is making and how it will fulfill these through enhanced governance practices.

This year's online report includes a Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) Index, which reports on more than 120 key performance indicators empowers workers to do their best work. in 10 categories that range from product responsibility to labor practices and human rights.

sustainability efforts through stories about Steelcase people environmental conditions that allow people to reach their full worldwide who are transforming the future. Just one example potential," says Hackett. "Our sustainability initiatives not only from Europe: Rather than waiting for a new international standard benefit the communities where we live and work, they also advance to be released, Steelcase partnered with the leading environmental the fitness of our company. They are a motivating force in driving life cycle assessment company Quantis and other corporate innovation and transformation." • leaders to build a global water footprinting methodology, using the company's products as a case study. Why participate? Because water conservation is more important than ever, and the tools for managing and measuring water need to significantly improve. By evaluating the future integration of water criteria into life cycle assessments, Steelcase can create new guidelines for upcoming product development projects.

plans to reduce its global environmental footprint by another 25% by 2020.

innovation on a global scale."

Earlier this year, Steelcase released its most comprehensive Beyond Steelcase's operational performance reflected in the stories

By sharing research-based insights and offering innovative products and solutions, Steelcase can help organizations get the most out of their real estate while also supporting their employee's performance and wellbeing. The results are worth the effort: an efficient real estate footprint means less unnecessary construction, less energy used and fewer greenhouse gas emissions. Most important, it

"We believe we can harness the power of our actions and assets to make enduring positive change. Our commitment to sustainable Browsing the report, readers can learn about Steelcase's practices ensures we contribute to the social, economic and

Explore the report at csr.steelcase.com/

Environmental Impact Reductions Between Calendar Year 2006 and 2011

37% reduction greenhouse Gas emissions

54% reduction water consumption

reduction waste + materials recycled

reduction VOC emissions Other Noteworthy Metrics

100% of electricity purchased from renewable energy credits in offices in Paris and Strasbourg, France

25% of electricity use in the U.S.

\$4.7 donated

By Steelcase and The Steelcase Foundation to support communities

5,361 Hours employee volunteer service donated globally

Steelcase joins Microsoft, Coca-Cola, Chevron, **General Mills and others in** 2013 Business Roundtable **Sustainability Report**

This spring Steelcase was included in Business Roundtable's 2013 sustainability report, "Create, Grow, Sustain: How Companies Are Doing Well by Doing Good." Released in April, the report features narratives from 147 CEOs at world-leading companies who discuss how their companies are improving the quality of life for millions of people around the world through their sustainability efforts. In addition to Steelcase, invited participants include Microsoft, Coca-Cola, Chevron, General Mills, Johnson Controls, SAP, Xerox and other well-known and respected organizations across a diversity of industries.

"Providing workplace environments to the world's leading organizations, Steelcase is uniquely positioned for large-scale impact," Steelcase CEO Jim Hackett states in the report. "We are proud of what we've accomplished within our company, but our greatest potential for impact is helping customers achieve their sustainable business objectives. The work we do with our customers and insights gained from research drive innovation and improve performance."

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Every big company was a small company once. The little guys make a big difference in the overall What does it take for some small companies to economy. Small businesses (fewer than 100 grow and excel over time? turnstone, the Steelcase employees) represent more than 99% of employers brand inspired by entrepreneurs, has discovered and provide 60% to 80% of net new jobs annually. unique ways that successful small companies In the United States they produce as much as 13 operate. These insights are worth sharing with to 14 times more patents than big firms, according leaders of any company, big or small.

"Small companies have different DNA than big companies," says Kevin Kuske, general manager, turnstone. "Understanding these differences can help other small companies succeed and even teach large companies a few things, too."

Goodsmiths, a small company in Des Moines, lowa is a very good example. They built an online marketplace where arts and crafts makers sell their wares in virtual stores to customers across North America. After little more than a year, Goodsmiths.com has 5,000 stores for makers and traffic and sales are booming.

It isn't just the steep growth curve that sets Goodsmiths apart, it's how they achieved it. "When you have to compete with bigger companies with far greater resources, more brand recognition and greater awareness with both customers and potential employees, you have to think and work differently. Goodsmiths knows this. The way they're heavily involved and invested in their local community, how they let their unique personality as a company shine through and how they're passionate about their craft, these are key to their success," says Kuske.

to Entrepreneur.com. The U.S. Small Business Association says small businesses collectively produce over \$6 trillion in gross domestic product each year, which on its own would be the third highest of any country in the world.

The story is similar in Europe, too. Small and medium size enterprises (SMEs, 90 or fewer employees) outside the financial sector account for 99% of businesses and two out of every three jobs, according to Eurostat, the statistical office of the E.U. In addition, 85% of net new jobs in the E.U. between 2002 and 2010 were created by SMEs.

Regular road trips by turnstone employees and the in-depth studies conducted by the Steelcase WorkSpace Futures research and design group show there are seven key ways great small firms operate differently than large companies (see pg. 122). Two of these differentiating ideas—embracing their local communities and taking their unique personalities public—are explored here.

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COMMUNITY MATTERS

An Internet company with online stores that represent makers all over the U.S. and Canada, Goodsmiths' team of 11 employees is also actively engaged in the local community. They're located in Valley Junction, a historic section of Des Moines that boasts the largest collection of independent businesses in the city, including art galleries and handcrafted goods stores, the types of businesses that use Goodsmiths.com. "It gives us a connection, a base in a part of town that's all about handmade, creative goods, just like the shops on our site," says Riane Menardi, whose job title is community builder.

"Grounding your company in the community gives everyone a sense of belonging. It's part of the vision of successful small companies to be part of a larger purpose, and it connects the company with the pool of talent, customers and resources locally," notes Kuske.

Goodsmiths regularly hosts or participates in community events such as book launch parties, networking events with other startup businesses, and partner events with professional organizations such as AIGA. "We often bring people into our office, whether we're hosting an event ourselves or just hanging out at our place afterwards. Developers who work remotely stop by to work in our office for an afternoon. It's really open to anyone in the community," says Menardi. Their workplace clearly represents the Goodsmiths brand and culture to all visitors now, thanks to a \$20,000 office makeovers, one of five such winners in turnstone's Culture@ Work in the Heartland contest.





Goodsmith's new workplace clearly represents its brand and culture to all visitors now, thanks to a \$20,000 office makeover, one of five such winners in turnstone's Culture@Work in the Heartland contest.

What makes successful small companies so special?

Research by turnstone and the Steelcase WorkSpace Futures group identified characteristics of small companies that help them excel despite more limited resources and having to compete in the same pool for talent and customers as their larger brethren. Small companies with outsized success were found to share seven common characteristics:

Their personality comes through

They have the freedom to be themselves

There is passion for their craf

A sense of community makes them part of something bigger

As a team, they have fun togethe

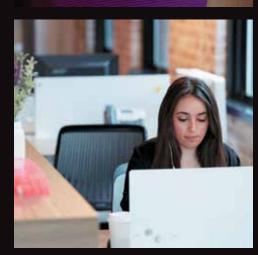
They have a choice of how and where they want to work

They take time to connect

"Grounding your company in the community gives everyone a sense of belonging."

Riane Menardi, community builder, Goodsmiths

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"You really want your space to reflect who you are. You want clients to walk into the space and think, 'Hey, this is really cool. I'm working with smart, interesting people.' Everyone wants to feel good about the firm they hired, and your office can reinforce that feeling." says CarbonSix President Margaret Mueller.

SHOW YOUR PERSONALITY

Small companies look to express themselves and often encourage their people to do the same. CarbonSix, another Culture@Work in the Heartland makeover recipient, is a small market research firm in Chicago recently spun off from a larger company, Leo J. Shapiro & Associates. With a dozen employees plus a few interns, CarbonSix uses their new space to help define the personality of the newly independent firm, and separate it from their parent company located just one floor away.

"We're not a typical research firm in some ways, and that's part of what makes us successful," says CarbonSix President, Margaret Mueller, Ph.D. 'We have several Ph.D.s and master's degrees on staff, but everyone has a personality and style in addition to their education. That's uncommon in our business because it can be difficult to find super bright, analytical Ph.D.s who are also engaging and gregarious, have high energy and fit in well. We are in the client services business and there is a lot of personality that goes into it."

The firm encourages employees to pursue outside interests and calls out their exploits in staff bios on their website. Mueller, for example, had a "oneday snowboarding career that ended in a broken wrist," while director Ankit Makim was "possibly the only New York Yankees fan studying International Finance in Vienna." It's revealing and fun, but how does it help CarbonSix?

By building the firm's unique identify, according to Mueller. "We have a really eclectic group and that's important. We want interesting people here who see the world through different lenses and bring different perspectives to client problems. Some people are very systematic and methodical, others are a little more abstract at the way they look at things. All of that helps our client's learnings."

for people who are constantly curious, always exploring?" exploring the world, not feeling satisfied with the answer. There's got to be something else—that's what we do. We like people who ask, 'What's going on here? What's the problem?' We recruit for this explorer personality and we continue to promote it both inside and outside work.

"For example, when one of my colleagues and I went directly with our clients as much as possible. The to Philadelphia, we had just an hour-and-a-half of quicker the client sees them as the trusted person free time. We did the power tour of Philadelphia: to lead the work, the more they develop and the



The research company positions itself as an cheese steak. It was fantastic. What's the point of explorer, says Mueller. "Our clients are looking flying off to Philadelphia to do research without

CarbonSix's distinct culture and personality also help the firm attract the best candidates, too. "People have left other firms to come to CarbonSix because of how we work. This isn't a big firm where the partners hold all the client relationships. We're a small company and we have our junior people work Ben Franklin's grave, the Liberty Bell and a Philly more we can keep growing," says Mueller.

office is being removed to expose the retro brick walls underneath, inspired in part by winning the turnstone office makeover and also, no doubt, by their explorer personality. Both firms built offices that emphasize open communication and frequent collaboration.

SPACE REVEALS THE REAL COMPANY

Both CarbonSix and Goodsmiths use their workplace to reinforce the special characteristics

of their companies. Handmade window treatments fit the Goodsmiths office's floor-to-ceiling windows

and goods created by employees are displayed on the walls and shelves. The drywall in CarbonSix's

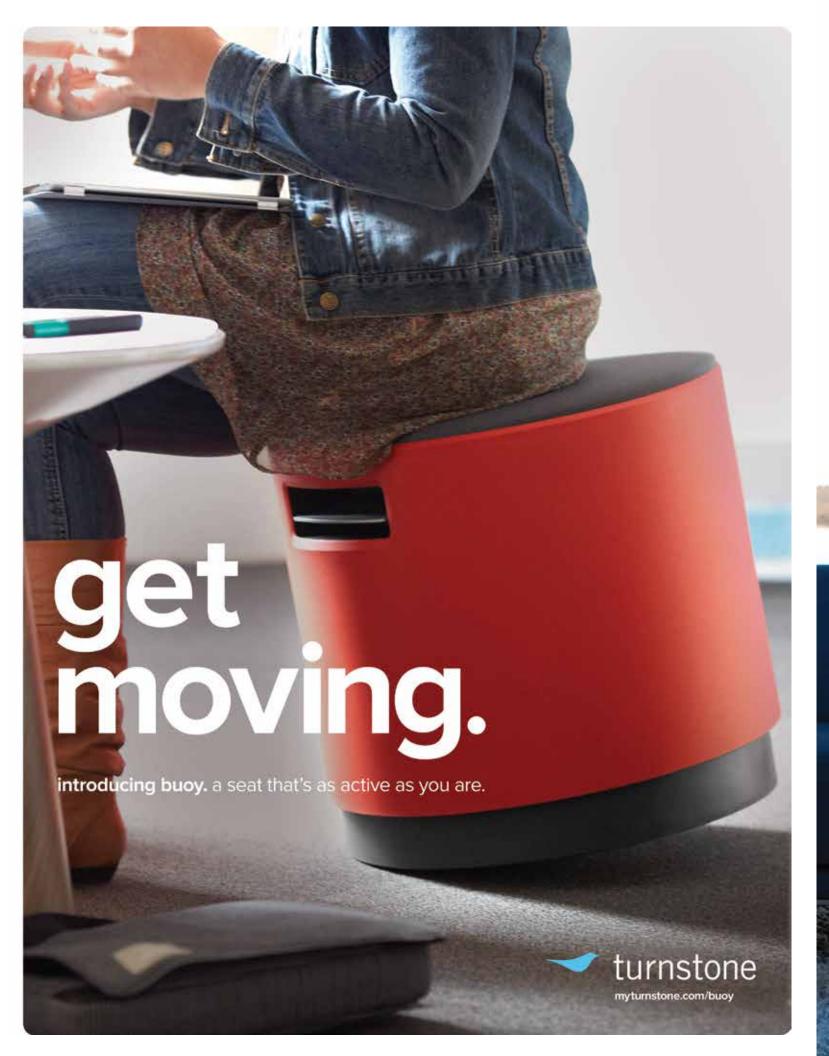
Space reinforces what makes each firm unique. 'You really want your space to reflect who you are," says Mueller. "You want clients to walk into the space and think, 'Hey, this is really cool. I'm working with smart, interesting people.' Everyone wants to feel good about the firm they hired, and your office can reinforce that feeling."

Embracing the community and communicating their personality are just two of the ways small companies work differently than larger companies. When you're competing for the same talent and customers as the big guys but your resources are much more limited, you find unique ways, as Goodsmiths and CarbonSix have, to succeed. Good advice no matter what the current size of your company may be.

For more insights from turnstone's research of small companies, see "Small Companies Are Just Like Big Companies...Only Different" in "360 Magazine" Issue 63.

and brand identity is this explorer identity, and that's very much what our clients are looking for."

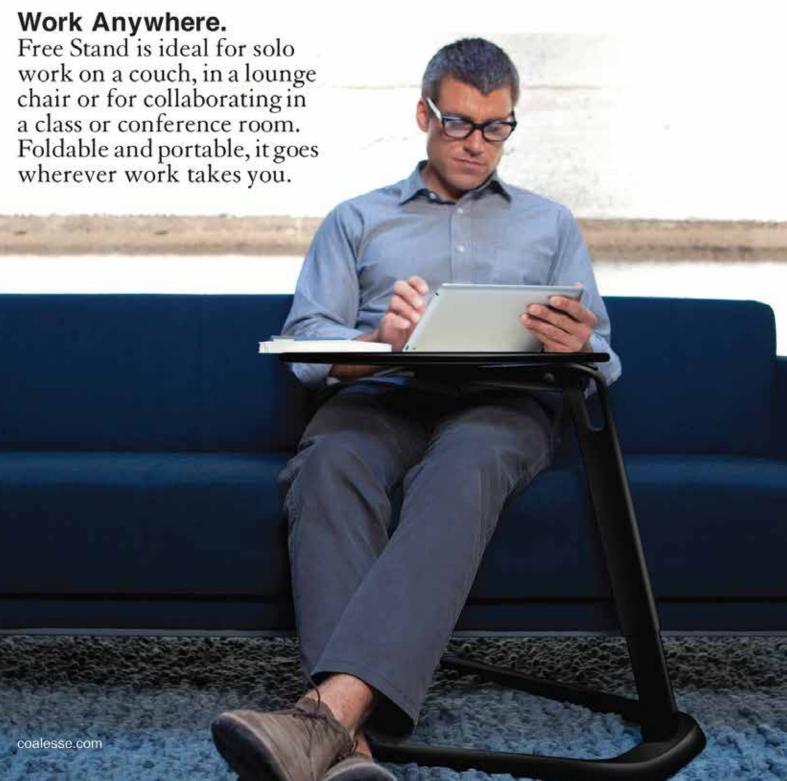
Margaret Mueller, president, CarbonSix





coalesse*

Free Standby Stephan Copeland



Leadership Moment

360 spoke with Artexis Chairman and Founder Eric Everard who shared with us how his Belgium-based multinational company uses its corporate headquarters to successfully manage business internationally.



Chairman and founder, Artexis Group



Event organizer and exhibition hall manager Artexis Group, the parent company of Artexis Belgium, Artexis Nordic and easyFairs, operates in 15 countries from its base in Belgium. Everard was recently named Manager of the Year for 2012 by business magazine Trends-Tendances.

artexisgroup.com

an Artexis event last year.

GLOBAL STRATEGY, LOCAL IMPLEMENTATION

Artexis constantly bridges global and local perspectives. "Commercial activities (selling booths, attracting visitors, etc.) are accomplished at the local level, while marketing, research and development strategy are worked out at the international level. Group managers are natives of the different regions where we work. By sharing local experiences through our central offices and disseminating our ideas, values and methodology, we assure the consistency of the organization. This makes internal communication essential, so we've developed a range of ways to facilitate cross-border collaboration, from a sophisticated intranet platform to regular formal and informal meetings in our offices, which are designed "Most employers probably underestimate the value of to foster open and frequent communication."

The culture of Artexis Group, says Everard, "is built on our values—efficiency, creativity, commitment, results-driven, team spirit, environmental awareness, integrity and having fun—and our culture becomes a coherent factor. The challenge is more often in implementing business processes. We try to be as coherent as possible by sharing common practices but it's wrong to force them on to a local operation when they conflict with local practices, whether they're social, cultural or intellectual. Selling practices, for example, are different in Latin, German minded about implementation.

OPEN ATTITUDES AND OFFICES

"Our business and our creativity rely on continually questioning and confronting our point of view, and our office environment reflects that approach. Our new Brussels office is located close to the airport and with direct access to major roads. It's an environment that welcomes colleagues coming in daily from other

It would be hard to find a company more at ease locations. Areas for networking and chatting, such as working across borders than Artexis Group. The hallways, canteens and kitchens, are broad, central company manages events, exhibit halls and trade and pleasant. We have a lot of meeting spaces, with shows across diverse industries and locations: food open areas and hotelling workspaces for those who in Columbia, maintenance in Germany, lab equipment travel between the group headquarters and our three in Switzerland, autos in Poland, industrial tech in offices in Ghent, Antwerp and Namur. Flexibility is Singapore, etc. More than 2.5 million people visited important, so our office furniture can be easily rearranged to create different workspaces when

> Having employees of different generations on staff presents no challenges, says Everard. "I don't believe they work intrinsically in different ways. This may be because of our emphasis on internal communication. Our people are all individuals and they work together smoothly because they consider each other's differences, and they communicate constantly. The open nature of our work environment helps, too. My own office is fundamentally the same as my colleagues'. I have a glass door and it's open

NOTHING CAN REPLACE 'BEING THERE'

an office as an attractor. We're a 'people company' and our double-digit growth rate depends on attracting, developing and retaining talented and motivated people. The exhibition and trade show industry is often associated with cold exhibition halls, logistics, etc. People don't expect an office like ours with a high level of design, comfort and innovation, so our new work environment has become a resource for attracting talent to our company.

"Our offices are like our events and exhibitions business. Much of the communication is accomplished virtually, but it's not quite the same as being there. or Scandinavian countries, so the solution is to be That's why people attend trade shows and events, uncompromising when it comes to values and open and why our offices are open, transparent and built for constant interaction and communication." •



dash" mini is the most advanced LED task lamp, dash provides a uniform pool of light which reduces contrast, minimizing glare and shadows.

At details we design for the physical, cognitive and social wellbeing of the person.

this is details@work

to learn more about dash please visit steelcase.com details

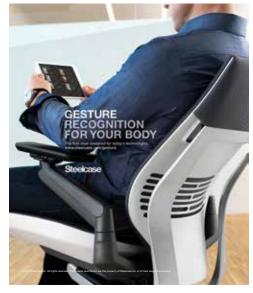
Atoms + Bits

Global Posture Study goes viral

Everyone is talking about the findings of the recent Steelcase Global Posture Study, which discovered nine new postures that are a result of new technologies and new workplace behaviors.

Media around the world, including The Wall Street Journal, The Economist, Bloomberg Business Week, The Atlantic, Gizmodo, Mashable, El Pais, Huffington Post France, Spiegel, Die Karriere Bibel, Forbes China, GQ China and Online Nigeria, have run stories on how these new postures are not properly supported by current office chairs and when not adequately addressed, these postures can cause pain, discomfort and long-term injuries for workers.

The new Steelcase Gesture chair and, inspired by studying the movement of the human body and created to address these postures and the ways people work today.





From France to Morocco: a humanitarian race

Steelcase employees Sylvain Girardeau (Ukraine, Belarus and Baltic countries) and Doncho Penchev (Kazakhstan) recently participated in the 4L Trophy, a humanitarian rally with Renault 4 cars. Their objective: drive across the Moroccan desert to provide children withw school supplies.

Thousands of participants deliver close to 80 tons of school furniture in Morocco after driving 6,000 km from departure sites in Bordeaux and Paris. The two-man team crossed France, Spain and Morocco in a 27-year-old 4L Renault car, driving more than 6,500 km in 10 days!

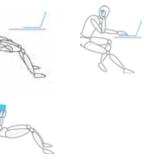


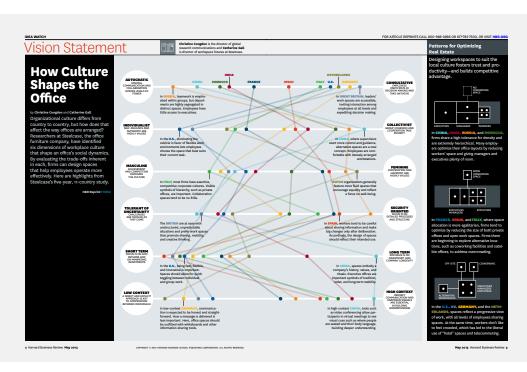












Culture Code hits the stands in HBR

The Steelcase Culture Code research has found its way into the May issue of Harvard Business Review. The article, "Vision Statement: How Culture Shapes the Office" explores why organizations should consider the larger cultural contexts in their work environments to help them work better globally.

"More businesses than ever are global and that means people have the opportunity to work with others from all over the world," says Catherine Gall, research director, Steelcase WorkSpace Futures. "We've been hosting events in cities like New York, Shanghai, London, Paris, Köln and Madrid, to help our customers and designers better understand how to leverage what we've learned about culture and the workplace to provide effective work environments in a global business world."

To learn more about Culture Code or how you can attend a seminar, contact your local Steelcase sales office



One of 2013's "Most Admired Companies"

Fortune Magazine has recognized Steelcase Inc. as one of its 2013 "Most Admired Companies" in the Home Equipment, Furnishings industry sector. This year, Steelcase is ranked in the fourth position, and is joined by notable brands such as Whirlpool and Tupperware brands, among others.

In the Fortune survey of executives that ultimately determine the "Most Admired Companies" rankings, Steelcase's highest scores came in the social responsibility, people management, global competitiveness and quality of management categories. Social responsibility has been a key focus for Steelcase. The company recently released its 2012 Corporate Social Responsibility Report, titled "+Promise," which details its efforts to incorporate responsible business practices from 2006 through 2011.

DESIGNANEXT

Calling all design students

Design4Next, a new Steelcase competition, challenges students to rethink the office for the new economy, today and tomorrow and design the "NEXT" office. All entries must be received by November 25th and semifinalists will be announced December 16th. Five semi-finalists will be invited to Steelcase University in early 2014 where the winner will be announced. The Grand Prize Winner will receive \$1,000. The winning school will also receive a \$1,000 contribution to their design program or charity of choice. The Fall 2013 competition is open to junior and senior students at North American CIDA accredited schools. For more information on contest details or registration: design4next@ steelcase.com.

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PRODUCT GUIDE
BUILDING AN INTERCONNECTED WORKPLACE

THE CORE INTERFACE

Our body is a system in which our "seats" backs and legs are synchronized in movement. Like the human body, Gesture's back and seat are connected and move as a synchronized system that creates a tailored fit, moving with each user to provide continuous and persistent core support.



THE LIMB INTERFACE

Gesture's arm moves like the human arm, which helps people to get closer to their work and supports their arms and shoulders, no matter the device they are using, and no matter the size of the individual. Gesture's arms are mounted behind the hip to support a wider range of postures and people, and also so that the chair takes up a smaller footprint overall than traditional chairs.



THE SEAT INTERFACE

Gesture's seat uses Adaptive Bolstering (air channels in the foam) that responds differently to large and small users to provide consistent comfort for everyone.

The contoured seat distributes weight to make it comfortable longer. It is flexible at the perimeter to allow a range of postures without pinching or cutting off circulation. The seat depth control is responsive, and makes it easy to "fine tune" so people are less likely to perch on the edge of their chairs.





We didn't start with a chair design. We started by looking at the movements of the body. Like the human body, Gesture is designed as a system of interfaces.

WANT TO LEARN MORE ABOUT GESTURE? Visit steelcase.com/gesture





ACOUSTIC PERFORMANCE

V.I.A. creates a new benchmark around true acoustical privacy. Focused workspaces can be adjacent to dynamic collaborative team spaces without noise disturbance issues. V.I.A. is engineered with a unique acoustical intelligence; all frames, skins and every junction is manufactured with full acoustical seals.

PLATFORM FOR THE FUTURE

V.I.A. not only allows you to realize your design vision today, but its embedded intelligence provides a platform for the future. With V.I.A. it's easy to make small changes or large changes, providing a sense of permanence with flexibility for evolving business needs and emerging technologies.

DESIGN FREEDOM

V.I.A. provides consistent and predictable visual detailing giving architects the freedom to express their vision using a broad range of materials and wall typologies to create different spaces without having to compromise on vision or worry about the details. This includes both dimensional consistency whether in the horizontal or vertical orientation, planarity amongst surfaces, and mitered edge detailing.

V.I.A. is developed with EnvisionIT, the design flexibility from Steelcase that enables parametric products to easily be planned and ordered by selecting desired attributes, simplifying the entire process from specification through installation. EnvisionIt removes the many boundaries to creativity typically imposed by "fixed" sizes and provides you with the ability to express your own vision.

PRECISION ENGINEERED

Precision engineering drives the consistent visual detailing of V.I.A. The intelligent precision frame and mechanical skin attachment brackets are designed to properly align skins—this happens to minimize installation time and reduces dependency on the installer's skill level.

WANT TO LEARN MORE ABOUT V.I.A.?
VISIT STEELCASE.COM/VIA







MEDIA:SCAPE® TEAMSTUDIO™

media:scape® TeamStudio™ amplifies the conditions for innovation by augmenting the quality and quantity of interactions in the places where teams come together to work. Local and distributed teams can engage using analog and digital tools in a seamless, easy and equal way. The result is a destination that fosters trust, facilitates collaboration and speeds innovation.

TeamStudio is a comprehensive application for active project teams, that considers social dynamics for both the near side and the far side video participants, working equally as well when the camera is on or off. It's perfect for hosting a large team brainstorming session, and can just as easily support small breakout sessions

AVAILABLE

NORTH AMERICA FALL 2013 EUROPE, MIDDLE EAST & AFRICA EARLY 2014 ASIA PACIFIC EARLY 2014

WANT TO LEARN MORE ABOUT MEDIA: SCAPE TEAMSTUDIO?
Visit steelcase.com/teamstudio





TAGWIZARD™ SPACE RESERVATION SYSTEM

TagWizard is a free-address scheduling system that makes space easy to find, reserve, and measure. Mobile workers can "tag" a space on demand, from their computer or mobile device.

Unlike other scheduling systems, TagWizard allows instant check-in with the swipe of a badge or the touch of a finger; it collects information about utilization and wellbeing factors using an optional analytics package; and it provides IT managers the tools they need to efficiently deploy, manage, support and update the system.

AVAILABLE

NORTH AMERICA FALL 2013 EUROPE, MIDDLE EAST & AFRICA ASIA PACIFIC EARLY 2014

WANT TO LEARN MORE ABOUT TAGWIZARD? Visit steelcase.com/TagWizard



